

Kansas City Board of Public Utilities Kansas City, Kansas

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2015

2015 Board of Directors

President – Robert L. Milan, Sr. Vice President – Tom Groneman Secretary – Jeff Bryant David Alvey Mary L. Gonzales Norman D. Scott

General Manager Don L. Gray



An Enterprise Fund of the: Unified Government of Wyandotte County, Kansas City, Kansas

Prepared by: Office of Accounting & Office of Corporate Communications

Kansas City Board of Public Utilities Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2015

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





June 1, 2016

Members of the Board of Directors Kansas City Board of Public Utilities

The Charter Ordinance of the Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas requires that the Kansas City Board of Public Utilities (BPU) publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This report is presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by a certified public accounting firm. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

The CAFR consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the BPU. As a result, responsibility for this report for the fiscal year ended with respect to both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the BPU. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the BPU. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. To enhance the reader's understanding of theses financial statements, note disclosures have been included as an integral part of this document.

The BPU's financial statements have been audited by KPMG, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the BPU are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amount and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. KPMG concluded, based upon the audit, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BPU as of December 31, 2015, and the results of BPU's operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The BPU's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile

The Utility System is comprised of the electric and water utilities and is, by statute and charter ordinance, under the operational control and administration of the Board of Directors for the BPU. The Unified Government of Wyandotte County/KCK, as authorized by state statutes,

reserves the right to incur debt on behalf of the BPU. However, the statutes vest the BPU with exclusive day-to-day control of the utility system. The Utility presently serves approximately 63,000 electric customers and 50,000 water customers.

The Electric Utility has two active electric power generating stations, a 17 percent ownership interest in a combined cycle power generating station, and six purchase power agreements to provide the capacity and energy needed by its retail customers. The active generating stations are the Nearman Creek Power Station ("Nearman Station") and the Quindaro Power Station ("Quindaro Station"), and the 17 percent ownership interest is in the Dogwood Generating Facility (Dogwood) described herein. Purchased power agreements, which are also described herein, have been executed and include renewable low impact hydro power from the only hydro project in the State of Kansas as well as 25 MW of wind each from the Smoky Hills Wind Farm and the Alexander wind farm, both in Kansas.

The Nearman Station has two units; the first is a coal-fired steam electric generating station. Commercial operation of the Nearman coal-fired unit began in 1981. The second unit is a simple cycle combustion turbine which can be fired on either natural-gas or No. 2 fuel oil. The combustion turbine plant, known as the Nearman CT4, functions as a peaking plant and was placed in service during February of 2006.

The Quindaro Station has five units; the coal-fired steam generating facility consists of two units, each having a single coal-fired steam generating boiler and a turbine generation unit. Commercial operation of such units began in 1966 and 1971. In order to comply with certain environmental regulations, the two coal-fired steam generating units were switched to natural gas fired only as of April 15, 2015. These two units will more likely to be peaking units. In addition, the Quindaro Station also has three combustion turbines, which function as peaking units. The units were placed in commercial operation in 1969, 1974 and 1977 respectively and are designed to burn No. 2 fuel oil. One of the units is also designed to burn natural gas.

In December, 2012, the Utility acquired an undivided 17% ownership interest in the assets of Dogwood, a natural gas-fired combine cycle generating plant. The Utility's share is approximately 110 MW. Generation and operating expenses from Dogwood are allocated to the utility based on the 17% interest. The Utility is also required to provide its share of financing any capital additions.

The Utility generating stations are interconnected by a network of 161 kV and 69 kV transmission lines. The Utility's transmission and distribution network includes 61.20 miles of 161 kV line, 60.03 miles of 69 kV line, and 2,677.91 miles of overhead line and 313.70 miles of underground cable. The system has 28 electric distribution substations and four industrial substations. The Utility is interconnected with two other area utilities, Kansas City Power & Light and Westar Energy.

The Utility System is a member of the Southwest Power Pool (SPP), which is a Regional Transmission Operator (RTO), located in Little Rock, Arkansas. SPP's primary purpose is to facilitate the movement of power throughout the RTO's footprint through an integrated marketplace. The integrated marketplace is intended to provide for the reliable movement of power during all times but especially during emergency events while providing cost savings to those load serving utilities through a more efficient process of resource dispatch. Many of the efficiencies are driven by SPP becoming the balancing authority for the region, whereas under the Energy Imbalance marketplace each load serving entity acted as its own balancing authority. SPP's current footprint covers much of the south central portion of the United States.

The Utility has contracts with the Southwestern Power Administration (SPA) entitling the Utility to annually purchase 38.6 MW of hydroelectric peaking capacity, and 5 MW of hydroelectric power from the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA). The Utility also has entered into four Renewable Energy Purchase Agreements. BPU's agreement with TradeWind Energy is to receive 25% of the energy output of Phase 1 of the Smoky Hills Wind Farm. Phase I of the project has a name plate of approximately 100 MW of wind capacity. The wind farm was built approximately 25 miles west of Salina, Kansas in Lincoln and Ellsworth Counties in Kansas. BPU also has an agreement with Oak Grove Power Producers to provide 3.55 MW of landfill gas from Arcadia, Kansas. The BPU maintains a contract with the Bowersock Mills & Power Company ("Bowersock") to purchase the capacity and energy of an existing 2.15 MW run of the river hydroelectric facility on the Kansas River in Lawrence, Kansas and 4.70 MW of capacity from an expansion of Bowersock's existing hydroelectric facilities. In October 2015, the BPU began receiving 25 MW of energy generated by wind turbines from OwnEnergy, Inc. The wind farm is located south of Alexander, Kansas in Rush County in Kansas. Lastly, BPU has an agreement with Tenaska Power Services Company to both purchase and market excess wholesale energy for BPU.

The Water Utility serves approximately 50,000 water customers in the service area of approximately 152 square miles. This service area includes Kansas City, Kansas, Edwardsville, southern Leavenworth County, parts of Bonner Springs and a small section of northern Johnson County. BPU's current average day and maximum day are approximately 31 million gallons per day (MGD) and 52 MGD, respectively. The water utility utilizes the state-of-the-art Nearman Water Treatment Plant (NWTP) to draw water from an aquifer below the Missouri River via two horizontal collector wells. These wells are each capable of supplying over 40 million gallons of raw water per day. The Nearman Water Treatment Plant is a conventional water treatment facility with a firm capacity of 54 MGD. Through the process of riverbed filtration, the Nearman Water Treatment Plant horizontal collector wells supply water from the aquifer, which is hydraulically connected to the Missouri River. The plant contains a 24 MGD sand-ballasted sedimentation basin and a Polymer feed system to help optimize the process. Additional projects that were completed include a 2 MG elevated tank; 6 MG reservoir pump station and 48 inch transmission main; control system improvements to the Argentine and Parallel pump station as well as the Nearman WTP; cleaning of the lateral screens in Horizontal Collector Well No. 1 and the construction of a 4 MG reservoir at the NWTP. Additional improvements at NWTP in 2015 include an upgrade to a high service pump, backwash pump, and two filter improvements.

The Water distribution system consists of a network of underground mains, reservoirs, and a series of booster district systems. The water transmission network consists of 72.5 miles of primary and trunk lines ranging in size from 24 to 48 inches. From these mains, water is delivered through a system of 900 miles of secondary water mains. The Utility has approximately 32.5 million gallons of water stored in reservoirs and elevated tanks at various locations in the distribution system. There are five booster-pumping stations, which increase water pressure to higher elevations.

The Utility's annual budget represents the plan for providing electric and water services for each fiscal year. An annual budget consisting of operating and maintenance expenses as well as a five-year capital plan is submitted by the General Manager and Manager's to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors adopts the budget no later than December of each year. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level by comparing budgeted expenses with actual expenses on a periodic and year-to-date basis.

Economic Conditions

The Unified Government is the government for both Wyandotte County and the City of Kansas City, KS. Wyandotte County accounts for a large number of manufacturing, transportation and distribution, including rail, and health care jobs in the metropolitan area. Many of these jobs are high paying and contribute to the positive statistics regarding gross payroll and gross sales. Development remains an important priority for the Unified Government.

The County of Wyandotte County covers 155.7 square miles. It is located on the eastern border of the State and along with three other Kansas counties and eight Missouri counties, comprise the Kansas City Metropolitan Statistical Area with a population of approximately 1.2 million.

According to the 2015 U. S. Census Bureau, Wyandotte County's population was 163,369. Compared to population trends in the prior decades, the current estimates indicate a more stable population. The median age is 33 versus a national average of 34 years. Approximately, 35 percent of the population is greater than 45 years old.

In recent years, efforts have been directed toward the development of a 1,600-acre tract of land located directly northwest of the intersection of Interstate Highways I-70 and I-435. The Unified Government successfully lobbied for special state legislation establishing the boundaries of the Tourism District, now named Village West. State authorized Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (STAR Bonds) were used to fund eligible costs within the district for land acquisition, site improvements, streets, utilities, and landscaping. The Unified Government attracted the Kansas Speedway as the economic catalyst for development of this tract using the STAR Bond financing incentive. The speedway project, totaling more than \$280 million, is a 1.5-mile tri-oval on approximately 1,100 acres of land, with 72 luxury hospitality suites and grandstand seating for 82,000. Joining Kansas Speedway at Village West are major destination retailers and entertainment businesses that attract approximately 10 million visitors and shoppers annually. The initial anchor businesses and attractions include: Cabela's, Nebraska Furniture Mart, Great Wolf Lodge and Resort, Hollywood Casino, Sporting Park, home of the Kansas City MLS soccer team Sporting KC Soccer Club and Community America Ballpark, home of the Northern League's Kansas City T-Bones, an independent, minor league baseball team.

On March 30, 2011, Kansas City, Kansas was selected from 1,100 other applicants to be the pilot community that will bring ultra-high-speed broadband Internet access to the region. BPU staff played a critical role securing this partnership between Google and the Unified Government (UG), helping create a new data superhighway that will help our community grow. Google Fiber will deliver 1 gigabit internet speeds — that's roughly 20,000 times faster than dial-up and more than 100 times faster than a typical broadband connection. Google has installed fiber optic cable for its services throughout the community and continues to expand its availability.

Adjacent to Kansas University Medical Center is a \$39 million mixed-use economic development project. The first phase of this development included approximately 10,000 square feet of first-floor retail space and on the second through fourth floors, an 83-room Holiday Inn Express & Suites. The second phase was completed in May 2014 and has a healthcare tenant focus. Kansas University Hospital operates an inpatient acute rehabilitation center along with Kansas City Transitional Care Center, a post-acute nursing rehabilitation facility and Hanger Prosthetics & Orthotics. In total the second phase of this redevelopment project is 100,000 square feet within a four-story building. The area draws more than 10,000 persons daily and expects to attract new retail development due to the area's dense resident population and the proximity to the KU Medical Center and Hospital.

Long Term Financial Planning

BPU's goals for the future include meeting the needs of the community as development continues within the county. BPU utilizes a five-year capital improvement program to prioritize projects, which will be scheduled over a number of years as financial resources are available. The electric capital improvement plan identifies approximately \$417.1 million in generation, transmission, and distribution projects; of which \$124 million for continued construction of environmental upgrades to a coal fired plant. Approximately 100% of the environmental upgrade and 60% of the remaining capital plan is expected to be bond financed. The Environmental Surcharge Rider will be applied to collect the principal and interest payments for the environmental upgrades. The water capital improvement plan identifies approximately \$70.7 million in projects, of which 60% are projected to be financed.

Cash Management and Investment Policy

The Utility's cash management practice encourages investment of all cash not needed for immediate expenditures. It is the policy of the Utility to invest public funds in a manner that provides the highest investment return with the maximum security while complying with all Kansas statutes governing the investment of public funds. The Utility's investment policy was adopted by the Board of Directors.

Internal Control

Management of the Board of Public Utilities (BPU) is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that assets of the BPU are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by Management.

Major Initiatives

The Board of Public Utilities is currently investing in significant capital improvements to update and improve service to our customers. Projects underway include a filter expansion at the Nearman Water Treatment Plant, as well as electric substation and transmission improvements in the Muncie and Fairfax areas.

The 161 kV transmission line from the Wolcott substation to the Piper West substation has been completed and will support new development. These new assets will help ensure reliable service to the Kansas Speedway/Village West Area and existing residential housing surrounding the western portion of the county. Several major developments are operating near the area which include; a \$147 million, 18,000 seat capacity soccer stadium for the Kansas City MLS franchise, Sporting Kansas City Soccer Club and the Hollywood Casino overlooking Turn 2 at the Kansas Speedway located near the soccer stadium. In addition, the opening of two office towers consisting of nine stories each which house Cerner Corporation, a medical software company with an estimated 4,000 employees.

The electric utility is working on upgrading the Fisher and Barber substations to support the expansion of the University of Kansas Medical Center which is constructing a \$75 million medical education building as well as a \$280 million patient tower which will be a seven-story facility.

The water utility has increased efforts to replace aging water mains in the Water distribution system. The additional effort will allow approximately 5 miles of pipe each year to be replaced over the next 4 years. Additionally, the NWTP is increasing capacity by 18 million gallons per day (MGD) with media and piping improvements to the existing filters. The project also required replacement of a high service pump and backwash pump to ensure adequate operation of pumping to the distribution system and backwash of the filters at the treatment plant.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Kansas City Board of Public Utilities for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2014. This was the thirty-fourth consecutive year that the BPU received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, BPU must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe this 2015 comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate for the thirty-fifth consecutive year.

Acknowledgements

In closing, I would like to thank the Accounting staff for their efforts in preparing and providing the financial information. Special thanks to David Mehlhaff, Chief Communications Officer, in coordinating the comments for the President's and General Manager's messages.

Respectfully submitted,

Lori C. Austin

Manager of Accounting & Finance/

Lou C. austin

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Kansas City Board of Public Utilities Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

The municipal publicly-owned Kansas City Board of Public Utilities (BPU) has been providing service to Wyandotte County for more than 100 years. This utility's primary mission remains providing quality dependable utility services at the lowest possible price, working to identify and maintain the highest level of customer service, and being a socially responsible community partner.

BPU achieved a number of important initiatives and milestones in 2015, and remains one of the most successful public utilities in the nation. Both the Board of Directors and staff were committed to open transparent communications with key stakeholders groups, including customers, governmental partners, regulators, the business community, and regional development partners. Significant resources are committed to customer service and community outreach efforts, culminating in BPU being recognized for having one of the top Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programs in the country in 2015 by the American Business Awards, as well as several other notable recognitions.

Key BPU accomplishments in 2015 included:

- Energy Engage Portal Development BPU staff developed the framework for a new online customer utility portal, providing customers with direct access to relevant, secure, up-to-date, information on all water and usage habits, costs, and even the environmental impact of a household's utility usage on the environment. The service, a result of the utility's previous deployment of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), was tested and prepared for launch in early 2016 and has been eagerly anticipated in the community.
- 2nd Biennial Customer Survey This qualitative customer research consists of telephone surveys with residential, commercial and industrial customers, assessing BPU's performance on key measures associated with the customer experience. The purpose is to help BPU identify areas for improvement, educational opportunities, and customer preferences for communication and new programs to improve overall satisfaction. Results from the 2015 customer satisfaction study indicate that customers are generally satisfied with BPU's electric and water service, with customer service approval levels also increasing.
- BPU's YouTube Channel To further communicate with customers, the utility recently added a YouTube channel to its social media network, which already includes Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn platforms. Videos are an effective and easily accessible way to communicate information to the community. The current library of videos spotlight energy production, water treatment processes, energy efficiency tips, and career opportunities.
- Supporting economic development initiatives and residential, commercial, and industrial initiatives in BPU's service territory to further grow the community.

- Further promotion and building upon partnerships with businesses, civic groups, neighborhood organizations, the Unified Government, and state and federal officials.
- American Business Award Best Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Program BPU was presented with a Silver Stevie for Best CSR Program at the 13th Annual American Business Awards in 2015. The ABA's are the nation's premier business awards program, with a panel of judges recognizing BPU for its on-going efforts to better the community and the environment. As a municipally-owned utility, BPU is committed to maintaining, investing in, and protecting the local community, its customers, and the environment. In efforts to be a socially responsible organization, BPU and its employees support and continually give back to Wyandotte County in three core areas Community Giving, Volunteerism, and Environmental Education/Advocacy. Giving back to the community and working to protect the environment remains a key part of BPU's culture and utility operations.

BPU remains committed to providing reliable and affordable utility services to the residents and businesses in Wyandotte County, while improving the overall quality of life in our community. As such, this utility will continue working to improve overall efficiencies and reduce costs, expand communications and outreach efforts with the community, while maintaining best-in-class customer service and customer satisfaction.

Respectfully,

Robert L. Milan Sr.

Hobert I Milan &

Board President

June 1, 2016

Board of Directors - 2015

The Board of Directors is composed of six members, three of whom are elected at large and three of whom are elected by district. Every two years three members are elected for four-year terms. The Board chooses a president, vice president, and secretary from its own membership. The Board meets twice a month, on the first and third Wednesdays. Members receive a monthly salary of \$950. The treasurer of the Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas is the ex-officio treasurer of the Board. The Board is charged with the duty to hire a General Manager, who serves as BPU's chief executive officer, and who administers the day-to-day operations of the utility.



Robert L. Milan, Sr. President Member, First District Elected 1991-1995 Re-elected 1995-1999 Re-elected 1999-2003 Re-elected 2003-2007 Re-elected 2007-2011 Re-elected 2011-2015 Re-elected 2015-2019

Mr. Milan has served on the BPU Board for 23 years, having been first elected in 1991. He is the current Board of Public Utilities (BPU) President. He has served as President of the Board three other times. In 2007, BPU recognized Mr. Milan's dedication to the utility by naming a new Water Division facility in his honor, the Robert L. Milan, Sr. Pump Station and Reservoir.

Mr. Milan worked at the U.S. Department of Labor for 32 years, retiring as a Federal Representative. He is active in the Northeast Optimist Club and NAACP. In 2001 he served as State President of AARP. In 2010, the Directors of the Heritage Registry of Who's Who announced the inclusion of Mr. Milan. He has received many awards including being selected by the Kansas City Globe as one of the 100 most influential people in 1998.

A native of Kansas City, Kansas, he owned Milan's Roller Arena and Bowling establishment for many years. Mr. Milan is a Sumner High School graduate and attended Kansas City Kansas Community College, the University of Kansas extension, Donnelly College, the University of Colorado, Temple University and Pioneer College.



Tom Groneman Vice President Member, Second District Elected 2013-2017

Mr. Groneman is a lifelong Wyandotte County resident, graduating from Wyandotte High School in 1965. He currently serves as Vice President for the Board of Public Utilities. In 1969 he graduated from Bethany College, Lindsborg, KS with a Bachelor's degree in Business/Economics. Following college he entered the United States Navy and was trained as a Vietnamese linguist. He was stationed for 15 months at the Naval Communications Station, Philippines where he was assigned to temporary active duty with the Commander of Carrier Division 5/Task Force 77 aboard the USS Enterprise, USS Kitty Hawk and USS Constellation. He finished his tour at the National Security Agency, Ft. Meade, MD.

Board of Directors - 2015 - (continued)

After the military he returned to Wyandotte County and worked briefly as a probation officer for the 29th Judicial District. In 1975 he was appointed Register of Deeds to fill out the unexpired term of Jack Reardon who had been elected mayor. He was subsequently elected to seven consecutive four year terms as Register of Deeds. In 2003, Mr. Groneman joined the staff of Governor Kathleen Sebelius to become the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control for the State of Kansas. He commuted for nearly eight years between Kansas City and Topeka until the change in administrations in 2011.

During his time in public service Tom has served in numerous positions on various state and national organizations.



Jeff Bryant Secretary Member, Third District Elected 2011-2015 Re-elected 2015-2019

Mr. Bryant is the Estimator and Job Cost Analyst for Plastic Packaging Technologies in Kansas City, Kansas. He has been with the company for over 30 years serving in a variety of roles.

He is a member of the Armourdale Renewal Association and the Kansas City Chapter of the NAACP. He serves on the Unified Government's (UG) Public Works & Safety Committee, the Board of Directors of Leadership 2000 and the FL Schlagle Site Council. Mr. Bryant is a graduate of Turner High School and attended Donnelly College. He is a Leadership 2000 graduate.



David Alvey Member at Large Elected 2009-2013 Re-elected 2013-2017

David is the fifth generation of his family to live in Wyandotte County. He is the Assistant Principal for Faculty Formation and Professional Development at Rockhurst High School. Mr. Alvey has previously served as the Board of Public Utilities (BPU) president, vice president and secretary.

He is a member of the American Public Power Association (APPA) and currently serves on the APPA Policy Makers Council. Mr. Alvey also served on the Planning and Zoning Commission of the Unified Government. He served as the dean of students and also taught U.S. history at Rockhurst High School and served as Program Director of the Student Support Program in Marin County, California. Mr. Alvey is the former National Chair of Dean's of Students of the Jesuit Secondary Education Association. He graduated from Savior of the World High School and attended Rockhurst College before graduating Summa Cum Laude in Philosophy and Letters from St. Louis University.

Board of Directors – 2015 – (continued)



Mary L. Gonzales Member at Large Elected 2001-2005 Re-elected 2005-2009 Re-elected 2009-2013 Re-elected 2013-2017

Ms. Gonzales retired from teaching school in 2006 after a 33-year career. For many of those years she was an eighth-grade language arts teacher at Piper Middle School.

Ms. Gonzales is the current Board of Public Utilities (BPU) president. She also served as President from 2005 to 2007 and previously as vice president and secretary of the BPU Board.

Besides her BPU Board and other community activities, she is a member of the American Public Power Association and the American Water Works Association. A graduate of Leadership 2000, she was also District 5 Coordinator in the successful effort to consolidate the Wyandotte County/city governments, and served on the advisory board of the Wyandotte County Library. In addition, she is past President of Delta Kappa Gamma International Educational Society and is a former board member for both El Centro and City Vision Ministries.

Ms. Gonzales has a Bachelor of Arts degree in Education from the University of Montevallo in Montevallo, Alabama, and a Master's degree in Curriculum and Instruction from Emporia State University.



Norman Scott Member at Large Elected 2015-2019

Norman is a native of Kansas City, Kansas and graduated from Wyandotte High School and attended Kansas City Kansas Community College.

For over 40 years, he worked in the construction industry helpin build the infrastructure of the Wyandotte County community. In 2001, he tretired as a business agent from the International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 101.

Mr. Scott is an active chair member of the Missions for Wyandotte United Methodist Church, and the Wyandotte County Democrats. He previously served as President of Stoney Point Neighborhood Association, and on the Chair of Trustees for Grinter Chapel United Methodist Church. He also serves as a volunteer at Cross-Lines Community Outreach.

GENERAL MANAGER'S MESSAGE

The Kansas City Board of Public Utilities (BPU) has provided water and electric utility services to Wyandotte County and its residents for more than a century. Today, it services over 63,000 commercial, industrial, and residential customers over a 130 sq. mile area, and is the largest public utility in the state.

This municipal, non-for-profit utility continues to be recognized as one of the top public utilities in the nation. In 2015, it received an American Business Award for having one of the top Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programs in the country. BPU was also recognized for its financial reporting, being presented the *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* in 2015. Previously, the utility received the "Directors Award" from the Partnership for Safe Water, a national initiative developed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and other water organizations. BPU has also received the industry's "Gold" Award for its water system from the Association of Metropolitan Water Agencies (AMWA); and was voted as having the Best Tasting Water in the State of Kansas in recent years.

BPU implemented a number of important initiatives to improve internal efficiencies and reduce costs, manage existing customer demands on the electric and water systems, and ensure the long-term viability of this non-profit publicly-owned utility in 2015. These included, among others:

- Maintaining sound financial practices that produce positive net income, improve cash flow, enhance day's cash on hand and stabilize debt coverage.
- As noted above, in 2015 BPU was presented the *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This national award is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting, and it represents a significant accomplishment by the utility and its management team.
- BPU continued implementation of \$250 million in new Air Quality Control equipment on the 235 MW Nearman Power Plant in order to comply with air emission standards. This massive project remained on schedule throughout the year, and at the end of 2015 was below original budget estimates by nearly \$15 million. It should be fully operational by January 2017.
- Providing reliable, low cost energy by maintaining and operating the generating plants efficiently to meet community energy demands.

- After nearly 45 years of operation, BPU's Quindaro Power Plant no longer utilizes coal-fired burners to produce energy for the community. The last delivery of coal occurred in March 2015, with the plant converting strictly to gas. This conversion, coupled with upgrades at the Nearman Power Station, will assure BPU has a diversified fuel mix to generate reliable affordable energy for its customers in the future.
- Ensuring that BPU met and exceeded all EPA and KDHE Safe Drinking Water Regulations.
- Implementing demand side management and demand response programs, and energy efficiency and conservation programs to educate customers on cost saving technologies and reduce energy consumption to minimize environmental impacts.
- offering access to low-cost home energy audits for a second year, helping residents improve the efficiency of their home while reducing overall energy costs. The utility arranged for certified auditors to conduct an energy audit on a customer's home for only a \$50.00 fee, with other energy audits costing up to \$500.00, BPU made this service available to residential customers, helping nearly 300+ customers utilize this program.
- Refrigerator Rebate Program BPU launched a program that encourages residential customers to replace their older, less efficient refrigerators with an Energy Star® qualified appliance that uses less electricity. Customers wanting to participate in the program must properly dispose of their old refrigerator before receiving a \$250.00 rebate check. Refrigerators use more electricity annually than any other appliance in the home. If made before 2001, investing in a newer model can save energy immediately and cut customer's utility costs significantly over time. BPU's new rebate program is intended to reduce energy consumption and further protect the environment, and can be used for both residential and commercial applications.
- Energy Efficiency Workshops BPU present several free Energy Efficiency Workshops for the public in 2015. These events feature discussions about home improvement solutions that reduce home energy costs, offered industry experts who showcased displays, conducted demonstrations, and offered environmental upgrade advice for homes.
- Continuing to perform within the electric and water Cost of Service guidelines.

As the community BPU serves continued to grow and develop, the award-winning BPU remains focused on the sustainability of the utility, including maintenance and replacement of an aging infrastructure, ensuring future power generation and water production needs, environmental regulatory mandates, improving overall efficiencies to reduce costs, and continuing open and transparent communications.

BPU's primary mission remains much the same as it's been for the last 100 years: offering quality dependable utility services at the lowest possible price. We continually strive to remain one of the top-ranked public utilities in the country and remain committed to improving the quality of life in our community.

Sincerely,

Don L. Gray General Manager

Don) Hay

June 1, 2016

Senior Management – 2015

Don L. Gray General Manager

Don Gray has worked at BPU for over 45 years. Before being appointed General Manager of the utility in 2006, he was Manager of Water Operations.

In the late 1990s he led the research, design and construction of the Nearman Water Treatment Plant with its state-of-the-art horizontal collector well, the largest alluvial well of its kind in the U.S. The plant opened in 2000. He has also served on various task forces and committees at the utility, including the Leadership Team for the BPU Strategic Plan.

In 2005, Mr. Gray was awarded the prestigious George Warren Fuller Award from the American Water Works Association (AWWA). The award recognizes Mr. Gray's long career and management of the BPU Water Utility and his leadership role in AWWA. He also served on the Board of Directors of AWWA. Mr. Gray was also the recipient of The Richard Porter Service Award from the Kansas Section of the American Water Works Association.

Lori C. Austin, Manager Accounting and Finance/CFO

James A. Epp, Manager Water Operations

William A. Johnson, Manager Electric Operations and Technology

Johnetta M. Hinson, Manager Customer Services This prestigious industry award recognized him for his leadership and commitment to the public water profession and the community it serves.

He also serves on the board of the Kansas City Kansas Chamber of Commerce and is Co-Chair of the Chamber's Economic Infrastructure Committee. He is also a member of the American Public Power Association and Kansas Municipal Utilities.

Over twenty-two years ago Mr. Gray turned his favorite recreational activity into a way to aid local children when he helped establish the BPU Charity Golf Tournament. Since then the tournament has raised over \$500,000 for various children's charities in Wyandotte County.

Mr. Gray has bachelor's degrees in chemistry and microbiology. In 2003 he earned his M.B.A. from the University of St. Mary.

Gerald P. Ohmes, Sr., Acting Manager Electric Operations

> Dong T. Quach, Manager Electric Production

Cherryl R. Johnson, Manager Purchasing and Supply

Executive Staff and Department Heads 2015

William R. Cobb, Acting Director Electric Production Maintenance

Samuel W. Deleon, Director Human Resources

Andrew Ferris, Director Electric Supply Planning

Jody Franchett, Director Administrative Services

John D. Frick, Director Electric Production Engineering

Robert (Bobby) Gray NERC Compliance Officer

Stephen E. Green, Director Water Distribution

Durward M. Johnson, Director Water Processing

Brian D. Laverack, Director Network Operations David E. Mehlhaff Chief Communications Officer

Jason Moe, Director Electric Production Operations

Patrick J. Morrill, Director Electrical Engineering

Philip B. Musser, Director Electric Transmission & Distribution

> Randal J. Otting, Director Accounting

Paul M. Pauesick, Director Information Technology

Jerin Purtee, Acting Director Electric System Control

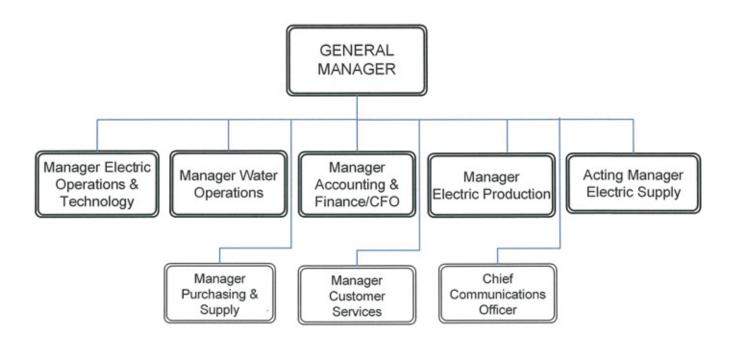
Ingrid Setzler, Director Environmental Services

Chris D. Stewart, Director Civil Engineering



Kansas City Board of Public Utilities

2015 Organizational Chart



Accounting **Electric Transmission & Dist** Radio / Telecom & Cable Civil Engineering Stores **Electrical Engineering** Cash Operations and Collections **Employee Relations** Street Lights Corporate Compliance **Employment** Substations **Customer Service Environmental Services** Traffic Signal Transportation **Electric Metering & Services Grounds Maintenance Electric Production Engineering** Information Technology **Utility Services Electric Production Maintenance** Network Support Water Metering & Services **Electric Production Operations** OH / UG Lines Water Distribution **Production Support Services Electric Supply Planning** Water Processing **Electric System Control** Purchasing Water System Support

FINANCIAL SECTION





KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Board of Public Utilities:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (the BPU), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide (the Guide); and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas, as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements present only the BPU enterprise fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Unified Government of Wyandotte County and Kansas City, Kansas, as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2015, the BPU implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68; Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 22 to 26 and the pension and other postretirement schedules on pages 60 to 62 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the BPU's financial statements. The combining information on pages 63 to 65 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining information on pages 63 to 65 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 1, 2016 on our consideration of the BPU's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on



compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the BPU's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri June 1, 2016



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas's (BPU) financial statements. The BPU's financial statements comprise two components: 1) financial statements and 2) notes to the financial statements. Other required supplementary information is provided in addition to the financial statements.

Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the BPU's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on BPU's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases/decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the BPU is improving/deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how BPU's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the BPU's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and postretirement benefits to its employees.

The combining schedules for the BPU's electric and water utilities are presented immediately following the required supplemental information.

The BPU is an administrative agency of the Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas (Unified Government).

The electric and water departments are reflected as an enterprise fund on the Unified Government's financial statements consisting of the statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows. This management's discussion and analysis of the BPU's financial report presents the discussion and analysis of the BPU's financial performance for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

The following tables summarize the financial condition and operations of the BPU as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and for the years then ended:

Statements of Net Position Summary

Statements of Net 1	2015	2014
Assets and deferred outflows of resources:		
Capital assets, net	\$ 931,359,985	866,886,249
Current assets	138,253,318	144,486,313
Other noncurrent assets	35,165,498	114,088,340
Deferred outflows of resources	24,102,493	13,379,769
	\$ 1,128,881,294	1,138,840,671
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and		
net position: Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 610,058,905	633,453,161
Current liabilities	72,290,734	75,486,200
Deferred inflows of resources	2,112,487	5,129,895
Net position:	2,112,107	2,122,022
Net investment in capital assets	350,960,044	347,346,161
Restricted	21,926,702	26,101,848
Unrestricted	71,532,422	51,323,406
	\$ 1,128,881,294	1,138,840,671

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Summary

	2015	2014
Operating revenues:		
Residential \$	86,380,759	89,816,917
Commercial	101,468,567	104,306,455
Industrial	50,923,573	47,842,971
Other	35,805,009	43,412,193
Energy rate component recovery	(2,112,487)	(5,129,895)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes	30,658,851	31,291,744
Total operating revenues	303,124,272	311,540,385
Operating expenses:		
Fuel	40,073,878	68,256,346
Purchased power	34,489,510	25,244,462
Production	44,297,044	46,150,561
Transmission and distribution	47,304,341	41,865,301

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Summary (continued)

	2015	2014
General and administrative Depreciation and amortization	\$ 35,096,181 47,538,375	34,179,058 32,939,640
Total operating expenses	248,799,329	248,635,368
Operating income	54,324,943	62,905,017
Nonoperating income (expense): Interest expense Payment-in-lieu of taxes Other Other nonoperating expense Total nonoperating expense, net	(24,614,127) (30,658,851) 913,825 (25,053) (54,384,206)	(22,418,357) (31,291,744) 141,760 (1,053,209) (54,621,550)
Contributions and transfers: Contributions from developers and others	951,950	206,722
Change in net position	892,687	8,490,189
Net position, beginning of year (as restated in 2015)	443,526,481	416,281,226
Net position, end of year	\$ 444,419,168	424,771,415
Total revenue Total expense	\$ 304,038,096 304,097,361	311,682,145 303,398,678

Financial Highlights

The BPU's overall financial position and results of operations for the current and prior year are summarized in the paragraphs and exhibits to follow. The BPU implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* during the year ending December 31, 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 amends GASB Statement No. 27 and represents a significant departure from the requirements of the prior statement. In addition, BPU implemented GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Translation for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 71 requires that upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The financial impact of this new accounting guidance will be addressed in the paragraphs to follow as well as in the note 1(t) to our financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

2015 Compared to 2014

- Net capital assets increased by \$64.5 million in 2015.
- Debt service coverage ratio for 2015 increased to 2.05 times in comparison with 1.94 for the year ended 2014.
- Other noncurrent assets decreased by \$78.9 million in 2015; this decrease is primarily related to the drawdown of the Construction fund to finance improvements for environmental upgrades to the Nearman power generating stations in 2015.
- Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$23.4 million during 2015.
- Net position increased by \$19.6 million during 2015.

As of December 31, 2015, the BPU has drawn \$3.2 million from the Kansas Public Water Supply loan fund. The projects funded by this loan consist of filter media and pump replacement at the Nearman Water Treatment Plant and replacement of deteriorated water lines throughout the distribution system. In 2015, the BPU's revenues were approximately \$303.1 million, with the Electric Utility recognizing revenues of \$253.5 million and the Water Utility recognizing revenues of \$49.6 million. The average number of customer accounts remained stable from the prior year.

The BPU's total operating revenue decreased by approximately \$8.4 million to \$303.1 million in 2015. The Electric Utility experienced decreased electric sales of \$9.2 million compared to 2014. Recently, milder weather in 2015 had an impact on electricity demand, which was abnormally high in the first quarter of 2014 due to extreme cold temperatures in the Midwest. The average monthly residential consumption per customer for 2015 was 781 kilowatt hours, compared to 815 kilowatt hours in 2014. While less impacted by weather, the industrial load increased 4.7% in 2015 compared to 2014. Also, the Energy Rate Component Rider, which recovers fuel and purchase power costs, averaged approximately ten percent lower in 2015 compared to 2014.

The Water Utility experienced an additional \$800 thousand in water sales compared to 2014. In comparison to the 2015 budgeted revenue, overall, the BPU collected 95% of the projected Energy and Water sales and 97% of total operating revenue.

Operating expenses for 2015 and 2014 were approximately \$248.8 million and \$248.6 million, respectively. The Electric Utility represented \$211.7 million and \$216.3 million for 2015 and 2014, respectively, while the Water Utility represented \$37.1 million and \$32.3 million for 2015 and 2014 in operating expenses, respectively. The largest component of operating expenses is fuel, purchased power and production expense. Overall, in 2015, fuel, purchased power and production costs decreased by \$20.8 million over 2014. In 2015, the BPU recognized \$2.1 million of deferred revenue from the 2015 over collection of the Energy Rate Component. The BPU's power supply mix for fiscal years 2015 and 2014 was 47% and 59% coal, 39% and 28% net power purchases, 12% and 11% gas, and 2% oil, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

2015 Compared to 2014

Net capital assets increased by \$64.5 million in 2015. Capital asset additions were offset by approximately \$47.5 million of depreciation and amortization expense.

Refer to note 5 to the financial statements for additional information.

Debt Administration

2015 Compared to 2014

Noncurrent liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$610.1 million and \$633.5 million, respectively.

The BPU maintains a debt ratio that is consistent with the current provisions in the bond indenture document. This debt service ratio is a measure of the adequacy of cash to pay debt service and is the minimum amount necessary to prevent bond default. The BPU must maintain debt coverage of 1.2. The coverage requirement imposed by the bond indenture is that operating revenues be at least 120% of the maximum annual debt service.

The BPU also has a mandatory provision in its bond indentures for a debt service trigger when debt coverage is 1.3 times or below the annual debt service payment amounts.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the BPU had debt coverage of 2.05 times and 1.94 times, respectively.

In 2015, the BPU's utility system bonds for both electric and water debt are rated A+ from both Fitch and Standard & Poor's Rating Services and A3 from Moody's Investors Service. The interest rate on the BPU's outstanding debt ranges from 2.00% to 5.20%. Interest on debt expense, net of amounts capitalized, for 2015 and 2014 was \$24.6 million and \$20.5 million, respectively.

Refer to note 6 to the financial statements for additional information.

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2015

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets: Property, plant, and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,537,846,270 (744,410,469)
Plant in service, net	793,435,801
Construction work in progress	137,924,184
Capital assets, net	931,359,985
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	32,738,584 249,000
Total restricted assets	32,987,584
Other assets System development costs, net Regulatory assets	61,589 1,580,006 536,319
Total noncurrent assets	966,525,483
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Investments – restricted Accounts receivable – customers and other Accounts receivable – unbilled Allowance for doubtful accounts Inventories Prepayments and other current assets	45,566,807 10,699,653 14,263,058 26,330,038 10,117,262 (1,327,979) 29,918,940 2,685,539
Total current assets	138,253,318
Total assets	1,104,778,801
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred loss on bond refunding Deferred outflows – pension related	12,226,051 11,876,442
Total deferred outflows of resources	24,102,493
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,128,881,294

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets \$	350,960,044
Restricted – debt service	21,926,702
Unrestricted	71,532,422
Total net position	444,419,168
Liabilities:	
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term debt – revenue bonds	555,460,051
Government loans	31,193,378
Capital lease	2,261,192
Total long-term debt and capital lease obligations	588,914,621
Postretirement benefit obligation	5,074,739
Reserve for compensated absences	4,342,000
Net pension liability	11,727,545
Total noncurrent liabilities	610,058,905
	010,030,703
Current liabilities:	
Current maturities of revenue bonds	19,340,000
Current maturities of government loans	2,081,722
Current maturities of capital lease obligations	1,551,182
Accrued interest	8,271,836
Customer deposits	4,103,492
Accounts payable	24,794,225
Payroll and payroll taxes	1,526,175
Accrued claims payable	4,480,949
Other accrued liabilities	3,910,259
Payment-in-lieu of taxes	2,230,894
Total current liabilities	72,290,734
Total liabilities	682,349,639
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Recovery fuel purchased power	2,112,487
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,112,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$	1,128,881,294

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year ended December 31, 2015

Operating revenues:		
	\$	86,380,759
Commercial		101,468,567
Industrial		50,923,573
Other		35,805,009
Energy rate component recovery		(2,112,487)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes	_	30,658,851
Total operating revenues		303,124,272
Operating expenses:		
Fuel		40,073,878
Purchased power		34,489,510
Production		44,297,044
Transmission and distribution		47,304,341
General and administrative		35,096,181
Depreciation and amortization		47,538,375
Total operating expenses		248,799,329
Operating income	_	54,324,943
Nonoperating revenue (expense):		
Interest expense		(24,614,127)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes		(30,658,851)
Other		888,772
Total nonoperating expense, net		(54,384,206)
Income before contributions and transfers		(59,263)
Contributions and transfers:		
Contributions from developers and others		951,950
Change in net position		892,687
Net position, beginning of year (as restated, see note 1 (t))	_	443,526,481
Net position, end of year	\$_	444,419,168

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	268,853,291 (103,418,599) (58,562,107)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	106,872,585
Cash flows used in noncapital financing activities - payment-in-lieu of taxes		(30,857,500)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of property, plant, and equipment Payments on capital lease obligation System development costs Accounts payable related to capital activities Debt issue cost paid Payments on revenue bonds Payments on government loans Issuance of government loans Interest paid on utility system debt		(104,615,370) (1,232,216) (467,639) (3,621,691) (25,053) (17,945,000) (2,325,612) 3,151,850 (28,471,245)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(155,551,976)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Interest received		(126,776,720) 173,675,500 203,006
Net cash provided by investing activities		47,101,786
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(32,435,105)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		121,440,149
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	89,005,044
Components of cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year: Restricted Unrestricted	\$ \$.	43,438,237 45,566,807 89,005,044
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	\$	54,324,943 47,538,375
Changes in noncash assets and noncash liabilities: Accounts receivable – customers and other, net Inventories Prepayments and other current assets Customer deposits Accounts payable Payroll and payroll-related liabilities Accrued claims payable Other accrued liabilities Deferred fuel costs and deferred purchased power Deferred outflows – pension related Net pension liability Other noncurrent assets, net Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,701,066 1,113,443 (354,606) 306,650 (513,299) (389,471) 222,061 607,910 (3,017,408) (7,607,266) 8,878,007 2,062,180
Supplemental noncash disclosure: Contributions of capital assets from developers Capital lease initiation	\$	951,950 3,590,371

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Description of Business

The Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (the BPU) consists of the municipal electric and water utility, which provide services to approximately 63,000 electric and 50,000 water customers.

Under Charter Ordinance of the Unified Government of Wyandotte County, Kansas City, Kansas (the Unified Government), the BPU is an administrative agency of the Unified Government and, as such, is a part of the Unified Government's primary government. However, the BPU's operational and administrative control is under a six-member elected board of directors (the Board). The accompanying financial statements represent the combination of only those operations related to the Unified Government's electric and water utility.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The BPU accounts for the water and electric utility as an enterprise fund. Significant interdepartmental accounts, including interdepartmental sales, have been eliminated. BPU uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. The BPU's accounting policies conform to the requirements for regulated operations. In accordance with these rules, certain costs or credits may be recorded as deferred charges or credits when it is probable that future rates established by the Board permit recovery of specific costs or require these credits to be returned to ratepayers. The BPU applies the provisions of GASB Accounting Standards Codification Section Re10, *Regulated Operations*, as appropriate.

Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, including charges for services. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as grants, subsidies, and investment income. Operating expenses include the cost of service, payroll, administrative expenses, contractual services, and depreciation. All expenses not meeting the above criteria are classified as nonoperating.

(c) Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of capital assets; allowances for doubtful accounts, and inventory; employee benefit obligations, environmental liabilities, and other contingencies.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

(d) Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues are recognized when electric and water services are delivered to customers. Payment-in-lieu of taxes represents amounts billed and collected by the BPU on behalf of the Unified Government. The BPU remits all such amounts to the Unified Government.

Meters are read and bills are rendered on a cycle basis. Unbilled revenue represents services delivered to customers and not billed at the end of a period. Management accrues estimated delivered amounts each period.

Operating revenues reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are shown net of discounts and estimated allowances for doubtful accounts.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased. Current restricted assets are assets that are scheduled to be disbursed within the year.

(f) Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost to acquire or cost to construct. These costs include payroll-related costs, including pensions and other fringe benefits. When capital assets are disposed, the net book value of assets retired plus the cost of removal, less salvage, is charged against accumulated depreciation with no gain or loss recognized. Repairs and maintenance are charged to maintenance expense. Contributions from developers and others are stated at fair market value at the date donated. Currently, BPU has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for plant assets.

(g) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The BPU has three items that meet the criterion for reporting as deferred outflows on the statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refunding, the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and contributions made to retirement plans after the pension liability measurement date. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is recognized in pension expense over a five-year period, beginning in the current reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue and/or contra expense) until that time. The BPU will report the over recovery of revenue from the Energy Rate Component (ERC) rider as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

(h) Depreciation

The BPU depreciates plant and equipment on a composite basis over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. In 2014, BPU engaged an independent third-party consulting firm to conduct a depreciation study to determine if existing depreciation rates remained applicable to the depreciable property groups. New depreciation rates resulting from the study was adopted during fiscal year 2015.

	Composite rates	Useful lives (in years)
Production plant	1.97%9.69%	10-51
Transmission and distribution	1.36%-8.76%	11–74
General plant	2.52%-7.75%	13–40

(i) Interest Capitalization

Interest costs incurred to finance construction work in progress net of interest income from tax-exempt bonds are capitalized. The BPU capitalized \$2.5 million in 2015.

(j) Accounts Receivable

An estimate is made for the provision for uncollectible accounts based on an analysis of the aged accounts receivable and historical write-offs, net of recoveries. Additional amounts may be included based upon management's evaluation of customer credit risks. Allowances for doubtful accounts totaled \$1.3 million at December 31, 2015.

(k) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market (net realizable value) and consist of the following:

Fuel	\$ 8,312,857
Material and supplies	 21,606,083
Total	\$ 29,918,940

(l) Investments

Investments consist of deposits, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, money market funds, and U.S. Treasury securities, which are recorded at estimated fair value as determined by market prices. BPU's investment policies are governed by the BPU's Charter Ordinance, management policies, and statutes established by the State of Kansas. Securities are held by BPU's safekeeping agent. Cash deposits are held with banks insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and acceptable collateral is maintained for amounts above FDIC limits, equal to or greater than 102% of the funds deposited at all times.

Notes to Financial Statements

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(m) Brushy Creek Coal Company and Liberty Coal Company

The BPU holds an indirect 50% interest in Brushy Creek Coal Company (BCCC) and a 50% indirect interest in Liberty Coal Company (Liberty). The other 50% interest is indirectly owned by the City of Sikeston, Missouri (Sikeston). BCCC was the owner and operator of a coal mine and related equipment located in Illinois. BCCC discontinued mining operations in 1997. BCCC did not have material operations during the year ended December 31, 2015. Upon cessation of operations at BCCC, the BPU became contractually responsible for 50% of asset retirement obligations and for 50% of certain postretirement benefits to mine workers. At December 31, 2015 the BPU has recorded an estimated liability of \$1.3 million within accrued claims payable for its estimated remaining share of these obligations. Funding provided for these obligations was \$235,000 in 2015.

The amounts recorded for the BPU's portion of the asset retirement obligation and the miners' benefits require significant judgment and involve a number of estimates. The BPU has recorded its estimated obligations for each of these items using information currently available to management. These estimates could change significantly over time.

(n) Customer Deposits

Customer deposits are moneys that have been collected from customers that are held by the BPU until the customer either terminates their service or the customer is in good credit standing with the BPU for 12 months. The funds are held in an interest-bearing account; after 12 months, the deposit, plus interest, is credited back to the customer.

(o) Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed as incurred with the exception that bond insurance premiums are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds.

(p) Pensions

In accordance with the BPU's adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and pension expense have been recognized in the financial statements.

The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the actuarially calculated value of the projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of service and the plans' fiduciary net position. The total pension expense is comprised of the service cost or actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to the valuation year, interest on the total pension liability, plan administrative expenses, current year benefit changes, and other changes in plan fiduciary net position less employee contributions and projected earnings on plan investments. Additionally, the total pension expense includes the annual recognition of outflows and inflows of resources due to pension assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements
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For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the Retirement Pension Plan for Employees of the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(q) Vacation and Sick Leave

Under the terms of the BPU's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation and sick leave. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation days. Employees may carry over, from year to year, a maximum of 80 hours of vacation hours for bargaining unit employees and 120 hours for nonbargaining employees. The liability for accumulated vacation of \$1,142,000 includes current vacation of \$218,610 at December 31, 2015, which is included in reserve for compensated absences and payroll and payroll tax liabilities in the accompanying statement of net position. Sick leave can be accrued up to 1,760 hours. Employees who resign with at least 15 years of service are paid for 75% of accumulated sick leave. All employees are paid for accumulated sick leave upon retirement or death. The liability for accrued sick leave of \$4,241,000 includes current sick leave of \$822,390 at December 31, 2015, which is included in reserve for compensated absences and payroll and payroll taxes in the accompanying statement of net position.

	 Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance
Sick leave	\$ 4,255,000	822,390	(836,390)	4,241,000
Vacation	1,099,000	218,610	(175,610)	1,142,000

(r) Net Position

In the financial statements, net position is displayed in three components as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the BPU's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.
- Unrestricted This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

(s) New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The BPU is currently assessing the impact of this statement.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment benefits other than Pensions, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The BPU is currently assessing the impact of this statement.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The primary objective of this Statement is to identify – in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment – the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The BPU is currently assessing the impact of this statement.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The BPU is currently assessing the impact of this statement.

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(t) Impact of Adoption of New Accounting Standard

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transitions for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers, and requires that employers report a net pension liability (NPL) and related pension expense as determined by the plan under the requirements contained in GASB Statement No. 67. GASB Statement No. 71 requires that upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information. The Retirement Pension Plan for the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined by GASB 68. The provisions of GASB 68 are effective for the BPU beginning with the year ending December 31, 2015.

In addition, in accordance with the provisions of these statements, beginning balances of deferred pension outflows of resources and deferred pension inflows of resources have not been reported, except for recognizing the beginning balance for deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning pension liability but before the start of the fiscal year. Disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68 apply to the BPU Retirement Pension Plan for the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas Employees Retirement System defined benefit plan for which the BPU is required to fund its share of the Net pension liability. Implementation of these new financial reporting standards required that the BPU restate its beginning net position as of December 31, 2014, for the cumulative effects of applying these statements.

The effect of adopting Statement No. 68 and Statement No. 71 was as follows:

Net position December 31, 2014, as previously reported	\$	424,771,415
Restatement for pension accounting: Effect of net pension liability Pension related deferred outflows of resources:		14,476,748
BPU contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,278,318
Total restatement	_	18,755,066
Net position December 31, 2014, as restated	\$_	443,526,481

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

(2) Cash and Investments

Kansas state statutes authorize the BPU, with certain restrictions, to invest in open accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury notes, and U.S. agency notes. All deposits with banks are collateralized at 102% of market value, as required by the BPU's Cash and Investment Policy and Kansas state statute, less insured amounts.

The following represents the BPU's total cash and investments at December 31, 2015:

Cash and certificates of deposit (CDs)	\$ 841,843
Repurchase agreements	52,192,337
U.S. agency securities	14,884,384
Money market funds	 35,598,538
Total cash and investments	\$ 103,517,102

Cash and investments are included in the following statement of net position accounts at December 31, 2015:

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,566,807
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		10,699,653
Investments – restricted		14,263,058
Noncurrent restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		32,738,584
Investments	_	249,000
	\$_	103,517,102

(a) Deposits and Investments

The BPU maintains a cash and investment program to pay for operating and capital requirements as well as for debt service requirements. The investment program consists of deposits, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and U.S. Treasury securities. Other investments using U.S. agency and money market fund securities for the debt service program are managed by the bond trustee. Nearly all maturities of securities were less than one year. At December 31, 2015, the bank balance and certificates of deposit were \$841,843, which were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held in safekeeping in the BPU's name.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

The fair values, as determined by market prices, of the BPU's cash and investments at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

		Investment maturities				
Investment type		Fair value	Less than 6 months	6–12 months		
Cash and CDs	\$	841,843	841,843	***************************************		
Repurchase agreements		52,192,337	52,192,337			
U.S. agency securities		14,884,384	8,809,906	6,074,478		
Money market funds	_	35,598,538	35,598,538			
Total	\$	103,517,102	97,442,624	6,074,478		

Investment Policy

The BPU has an investment policy that regulates investments in securities that have objectives of safety of principal, liquidity with all investments in U.S. dollars, and investment returns optimized within the constraints of safety and liquidity. Eligible securities are specific to Kansas state statutes and the BPU's bond indenture agreements. All securities owned by the BPU are in conformance with the investment policy.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an entity will not be able to honor its commitments in the event of liquidation. The BPU's investment policy states that the investment portfolio be designed and managed in accordance with the responsibility of ensuring the public's trust and is consistent with state and local laws. Two investment objectives that the BPU strives for are safety and liquidity. Investments are made so as to minimize the potential for realized losses arising from changes in market value or issuer default. Sufficient liquidity is also maintained in order to meet the anticipated cash needs of the utility. The BPU manages credit risk by requiring all investments meet the investment guidelines as established by the State of Kansas as described in K.S.A. 12-1675 and 10-131. These statutes require all investments be in (a) U.S. Treasury securities; (b) U.S. agency securities; (c) Money Market Mutual Funds; (d) Repurchase Agreement securities; (e) and any external investment pools and be the highest rated by nationally recognized rating agencies. All of the BPU's securities including money market mutual funds are AAA rated by Moody's. Any bank deposits and certificates of deposit are fully collateralized by the FDIC or other qualifying securities. All securities held by the BPU meet the credit quality objective.

Custody Risk

Custody risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, an entity will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The BPU believes it has no custodial risk. All securities are registered in the name of the BPU and held by a third-party safekeeping agent. Investments in money market mutual funds are not exposed to custodial risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The BPU manages credit risk by requiring all investments meet the investment guidelines as established by the state of Kansas in K.S.A. 12-1675 and 10-131 and diversifying investment holdings to avoid high concentration of any one security issuer. The BPU has a concentration of credit risk where it holds more than 5% of its investment portfolio in any one security issuer other than U.S. Treasury securities and in investment pools.

The following U.S. agency securities held in safekeeping by the BPU's bond trustee are in excess of 5% of total investments as of December 31, 2015:

Issuer	 Amount	Percentage of total portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 5,354,890	5.17%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of the BPU's investments will decrease as a result of the increase in interest rates. The BPU investment policy requires the minimization of the risk of market value change. This is accomplished by structuring the investment portfolio so that fixed income securities mature to meet cash requirements for debt service and other disbursement requirements for ongoing operations and by keeping maturities short.

Derivatives

The BPU has not used derivative instruments historically. Contracts containing derivatives, such as coal procurement and other commodity purchase contracts are routinely evaluated and amounts purchased have been used by the BPU in producing power and qualify as normal purchases.

(b) Nonrestricted Designated Assets

Certain cash and investment amounts have been designated by Board policy for specific purposes as follows:

Economic development fund	\$	500,000
Capital debt reduction		6,290,000
Reserve for liability insurance		2,100,000
Rate stabilization fund		9,156,273
System development reserve	_	7,283,548
Total	\$	25,329,821

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(3) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets were held in the following funds at December 31, 2015:

Debt service fund	\$	20,859,219
Customer deposits		4,103,492
Construction funds		31,487,584
Improvement and emergency fund		1,500,000
Total restricted assets	\$_	57,950,295

The BPU is permitted to invest funds in specified types of investments in accordance with its investment policy until the time such funds are required to be disbursed for their designated purposes.

(4) Dogwood Energy Facility (Dogwood)

BPU owns an undivided 17% interest in the assets of the Dogwood Energy Facility (Dogwood), a natural gas-fired combined cycle generating plant located in Pleasant Hill, Missouri in Cass County, Missouri, operated by Dogwood Energy, LLC. In addition to the BPU, Kansas Power Pool (KPP), Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC) and the City of Independence, Missouri also own 7.0%, 8.2%, and 12.3%, respectively, of the Dogwood Energy Facility. Dogwood Energy, LLC maintains the remaining ownership (55.5%) in the facility.

The BPU's portion of the 630 megawatt (MW) rated capability of Dogwood is approximately 110 megawatts (MW). Generation from Dogwood and operating expenses incurred by Dogwood are allocated to the BPU based on the 17% ownership interest. The BPU's proportionate share of their plant operating expenses is included in the corresponding operating expenses in the statement of net position. In addition, the BPU is required to provide its share of financing for any capital additions to Dogwood. During 2015, BPU's portion of fuel expense was \$5,174,887, and its portion of operating and maintenance expense was \$2,379,909. BPU also receives a portion of the wholesale sales generated by the Dogwood plant. BPU received \$6,582,222 during 2015 in wholesale sales from Dogwood. These amounts are included in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The BPU's investment includes an acquisition adjustment of \$34.8 million, which is presented as property, plant, and equipment and amortized over the estimated life of the plant (29.1 years). The BPU paid 15 years of Payment-in-Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) to Cass County, Missouri in the amount of \$2.5 million. This was recorded as a prepayment and is being amortized until 2028.

The BPU Board of Directors has approved the recovery of amounts invested in this facility, including the acquisition adjustments in current rates.

Notes to Financial Statements

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Information relative to the BPU's ownership interest in Dogwood as of December 31, 2015, is shown in the table below. These amounts are included in the 2015 Capital Assets table in note 5.

Facility (type)	Percent ownership	NeMW	 Plant in service	Accumulated depreciation	CWIP
Dogwood (combined cycle)	17%	110	\$ 35,044,592	3,529,505	1,307,283

The BPU has an operating agreement with Dogwood Energy, LLC, which provides for a management committee comprising one representative and an alternate from each participant. Dogwood Power Management, LLC, the project management company, controls the operating and maintenance decisions of Dogwood in its role as operator. The BPU and other participating entities have joint approval rights for the annual business plan, the annual budget, and material changes to the budget.

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers/ adjustments	Ending balance
Electric:					
Production plant	\$ 672,154,931	2,736,533		(1,240,130)	673,651,334
Transmission and distribution	345,518,422	34,062,042	(174,352)	(9,495)	379,396,617
General plant	108,024,222	10,616,584	(341,677)	31,642	118,330,771
Total electric	1,125,697,575	47,415,159	(516,029)	(1,217,983)	1,171,378,722
Water:					
Production plant	135,304,862	526,821		months	135,831,683
Transmission and distribution	177,043,685	10,312,558	(171,304)		187,184,939
General plant	42,629,232	1,209,956	(252,962)	(135,300)	43,450,926
Total water	354,977,779	12,049,335	(424,266)	(135,300)	366,467,548
Property, plant, and equipment	1,480,675,354	59,464,494	(940,295)	(1,353,283)	1,537,846,270
Construction work in progress -					
not depreciable	85,686,636	108,311,731	(56,085,681)	11,498	137,924,184
Total capital assets	1,566,361,990	167,776,225	(57,025,976)	(1,341,785)	1,675,770,454

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	_	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers/ adjustments	Ending balance
Less accumulated depreciation: Electric:						
Production plant Transmission and	\$	347,774,138	11,953,285			359,727,423
distribution		199,700,894	11,020,817	(174,352)		210,547,359
General plant	_	50,512,971	13,342,473	(351,854)		63,503,590
Total electric	_	597,988,003	36,316,575	(526,206)		633,778,372
Water:						
Production plant Transmission and		48,167,686	2,841,343			51,009,029
distribution		28,813,023	3,131,994	(171,304)		31,773,713
General plant	_	24,507,029	3,486,193	(143,867)		27,849,355
Total water	_	101,487,738	9,459,530	(315,171)		110,632,097
Combined total	_	699,475,741	45,776,105	(841,377)		744,410,469
Capital assets, net	\$_	866,886,249	122,000,120	(56,184,599)	(1,341,785)	931,359,985

Depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position reflects a correction in the current period for additional depreciation expense of \$10,814,147 that should have been taken in previous years. This correction relates to adjusting certain capital assets to being depreciated at their proper useful life.

Notes to Financial Statements
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(6) Long-Term Debt

The BPU's indebtedness as of December 31, 2015 and activity for the year ended consists of the following obligations:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Amount due in one year
	Dalance	Auditions	Reductions	Datance	m one year
Revenue bonds:					
2001 \$	8,350,000		(1,015,000)	7,335,000	1,075,000
2009A	50,790,000		(1,535,000)	49,255,000	1,610,000
2010 refunding	23,085,000		(3,330,000)	19,755,000	3,510,000
2011	88,000,000		(3,110,000)	84,890,000	3,190,000
2012 refunding	110,830,000		(1,785,000)	109,045,000	1,845,000
2012B	76,055,000		(1,845,000)	74,210,000	1,870,000
2014	190,620,000		(5,325,000)	185,295,000	6,240,000
	547,730,000		(17,945,000)	529,785,000	19,340,000
Unamortized premium	47,198,295		(2,111,216)	45,087,079	
Unamortized discount	(85,533)		13,505	(72,028)	
Total revenue					
bonds	594,842,762		(20,042,711)	574,800,051	
Capital leases	1,454,219	3,590,371	(1,232,216)	3,812,374	1,551,182
Government loans - Unified KCK	4,866,250		(576,898)	4,289,352	272,423
Government loans - KDHE	27,582,612	3,151,850	(1,748,714)	28,985,748	1,809,299
\$	628,745,843	6,742,221	(23,600,539)	611,887,525	22,972,904

Details of utility system revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Revenue bonds	Interest rate	 Original amount	Maturity		2015
2001 Series	4.00-5.00	\$ 17,170,000	5/1/2021	\$	7,335,000
2009A	2.75-5.00	57,575,000	9/1/2034		49,255,000
2010 Refunding	2.00-5.00	32,190,000	9/1/2028		19,755,000
2011 Series	2.00-5.20	90,000,000	9/1/2036		84,890,000
2012 Refunding	3.12-5.00	110,830,000	9/1/2032		109,045,000
2012B	2.00-5.00	79,540,000	9/1/2037		74,210,000
2014 Refunding and improvement	3.00-5.00	190,620,000	9/1/2044	_	185,295,000
Subtotal					529,785,000
Current maturities					(19,340,000)
Unamortized premium					45,087,079
Unamortized discount				-	(72,028)
Total utility system revenue bonds, excluding current maturities				\$	555.460.051

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Interest on portions of the outstanding utility system revenue bonds is payable on a semiannual basis. As of December 31, 2015, the BPU was in compliance with all required debt covenant ratios.

The debt service to maturity on the outstanding BPU revenue bonds as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest (including accreted)
Bond year(s) ending December 31:			
2016	\$	19,340,000	24,972,006
2017		19,805,000	24,258,631
2018		20,580,000	23,483,656
2019		23,765,000	22,612,481
2020		24,905,000	21,472,131
2021–2025		118,560,000	89,146,163
2026–2030		125,000,000	61,246,638
2031–2035		105,485,000	30,993,450
2036-2040		44,310,000	11,989,571
2041–2044		28,035,000	3,589,754
	\$_	529,785,000	313,764,481
	-		

The utility system revenue bond indebtedness requires special reserves and accounts as follows:

Account	Authorized expenditure
Debt service and reserve	Paying current principal and interest on bonds
Construction	Acquiring, constructing, and installing capital
Improvement and emergency	improvements Financing major renewals, repairs, and replacements,
	and extraordinary or unforeseen expenditures

The utility system revenue bond debt service and reserve account is held in escrow in a bank acting as trustee for the BPU. The utility system revenue bond indentures also provide for a bond reserve account to be held by the trustee for the future payments of principal and interest in the event that the net revenues of the utility system are less than or equal to 130% of the maximum annual debt service on the bonds. All amounts are reported on the accompanying statement of net position as restricted assets.

The current indentures also require the BPU to establish utility rates and collect fees sufficient to pay the operating, maintenance, and debt service costs of the utilities; to maintain the accounts listed above; and to provide net operating income, before depreciation and payment-in-lieu of taxes, of at least 120% of the maximum annual debt service due on the outstanding bonds. All of the BPU's utility plant facilities are pledged under the terms of the indentures.

Total indebtedness also includes government loans, which represent the amounts borrowed from Kansas Department of Health and Environment for the purpose of Water capital improvements to be repaid in

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

installments over 20 years ending 2036. Governmental loans also include a \$4.3 million loan with the Unified Government of Wyandotte County and Kansas City, Kansas, for improvements to the radio tower system.

The debt service to maturity on the outstanding BPU government loans as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest (including accreted)
Year(s) ending December 31:			
2016	\$	2,081,722	981,027
2017		2,650,896	1,058,411
2018		2,734,036	985,041
2019		2,821,191	909,220
2020		2,908,784	828,897
2021–2025		14,760,373	2,842,029
2026–2030		5,318,098	1,205,061
2030–2035			364,004
2036	_	Parket Marie	4,650
	\$ _	33,275,100	9,178,340

In May 2012, the BPU entered into a Kansas Public Water Supply loan fund agreement, which the amount is not to exceed \$12.3 million. As of December 31, 2015, the BPU has drawn the full amount of \$12.3 million, the balance of which is shown within the principal column of the above debt service schedule. The projects funded by this loan consist of a 4MG reservoir at the Nearman Water Treatment Plant and various waterline replacement projects. The 4MG reservoir at Nearman has been placed in service in 2014.

In July 2014, the BPU entered into a Kansas Public Water Supply load fund agreement, for which the amount is not to exceed \$13.0 million. The projects to be funded by this loan consist of filter media and pump replacement at the Nearman Water Treatment Plant and replacement of deteriorated water lines throughout the distribution system. As of December 31, 2015, the BPU has drawn approximately \$2.7 million of the \$13.0 million. This amount is included in the principal column of the above debt service schedule. Also in the above debt service schedule, the interest including accreted balances column includes \$3.2 million in accreted scheduled interest on the July 2014 Kansas Public Water Supply loan fund agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

BPU has pledged specific revenue streams to secure the repayment of certain outstanding debt issuances. The corresponding debt issuances are for utility system revenue bonds and the purpose of the debt is for utility improvements. The following table lists those revenues, the amount and term of pledge remaining, the current year principal and interest on the debt, the amount of pledged revenue recognized during the current fiscal year, and the approximate percentage of the revenue stream that has been committed:

Type revenue pledged	 Amount of pledge	Term of commitment	Percentage of revenue pledged	Principal and interest for the year ended 2015	Pledged revenue recognized for the year ended 2015
Electric and water operating revenue	\$ 843,549,481	Through 2044	14.9% \$	45,334,587	54,401,504

(7) Regulatory Assets and Deferred Inflows

The BPU is subject to the provisions of GASB Codification Section Re10, *Regulated Operations*, and has recorded assets and liabilities on its statement of net position resulting from the effects of the rate-making process, which would not be recorded under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for nonregulated entities. Regulatory assets represent costs incurred that have been deferred because future recovery in customer rates is probable. Deferred inflows generally represent probable future reductions in revenue or refunds to customers. Management regularly assesses whether regulatory assets and deferred inflows are probable of future recovery or refund. If recovery or refund of regulatory assets or deferred inflows is not approved by the BPU Board of Directors, which is authorized to approve rates charged to customers or is no longer deemed probable, these regulatory assets or deferred inflows are recognized in the current period results of operations. Additionally, these factors could result in an impairment of utility plant assets if the cost of the assets could not be expected to be recovered in customer rates. Regulatory assets and deferred inflows as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Amortization ending	-	
Regulatory assets: Miner benefits and mine reclamation costs	2016	\$	536,319
Deferred inflows: Recovery fuel purchased power	2016	\$	2,112,487

BPU has an energy adjustment rate rider (ERC). Estimated retail tariffs are set to recover estimated fuel costs such as coal, natural gas, and purchased power. The ERC allows differences between these estimates and actual fuel and purchased power costs to be deferred as a regulatory asset or a deferred inflow depending on the nature of the variance between estimated and actual costs incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

(8) Payment-in-Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) and Community Contributions

The BPU is exempt from federal and state income taxes and local property taxes because it is an administrative agency of the Unified Government. However, the BPU is required by a Charter Ordinance to pay a percentage of gross operating revenues to the Unified Government. The Charter Ordinance established a range of 5.0% - 15.0%. The payment-in-lieu of tax was established at 11.9% in 2015, which amounted to \$30,658,851. The PILOT is billed and collected by the BPU by a supplemental rate rider.

In addition to these payments to the Unified Government, the BPU also contributes services to the Unified Government, such as street lighting, fire hydrant services, traffic signals, and collection of the Unified Government sewer and trash charges at no charge. These service contributions approximated \$14,210,000 or 5.22% of total operating revenue, for 2015. Expenses associated with these service contributions are recorded in the relevant operating expense caption on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

(9) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Power Purchase and Sales Agreements

In 1982, the BPU entered into a power agreement with the Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KMEA). The agreement entitles KMEA to purchase 15.86% of the net available capacity of the BPU's Nearman power station. The power sales agreement with KMEA will terminate effective December 31, 2015 at the request of KMEA. The contracted 37.5 MW of electrical output to KMEA will be available for BPU's service territory. Total revenue from the power sales agreements for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$4,122,535, and is included in other revenues in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

On November 1, 2006, BPU entered into an agreement with Tenaska Power Services Company (Tenaska) to both purchase and market excess wholesale energy for BPU. The BPU had no wholesale purchases and sales through Tenaska for the year ended December 31, 2015.

On December 21, 2006, the BPU entered into a Renewable Energy Purchase Agreement with TradeWind Energy to receive 25% of the energy output of Phase 1 of the Smoky Hills Wind Farm. This contract is a 20-year fixed price contract for 25% of the output of 100.8 MW of turbines as well as the Renewable Energy Credits associated with the output. The wind farm, which was built approximately 25 miles west of Salina, Kansas in Lincoln and Ellsworth Counties, began commercial operation in January 2008. Total power purchased under this agreement was \$4,037,651 in 2015.

On November 3, 2010, the BPU entered into a agreement with Lawrence, Kansas based Bowersock Mills and Power Company to purchase 7 MW of hydroelectric power over the next 25 years, providing additional renewable energy resources to BPU's existing power generating mix. Total power purchased under this agreement was \$2,098,706 in 2015.

In December 2013, the BPU completed negotiations with OwnEnergy Inc., a developer of mid-sized wind projects, for the purchase of 25 megawatts of energy generated by wind turbines. The wind farm will be located south of Alexander, Kansas in Rush County. Construction began in December 2013, and ties into the Southwest Power Pool (SPP) Midwest Energy transmission system. The contract between BPU and OwnEnergy Inc. is a 20-year renewable energy Purchase Power Agreement (PPA).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

The wind farm was completed in 2015 with commercial production beginning in December 2015. Total power purchased under this agreement was \$289,277 in 2015.

The BPU has determined these purchase contracts to be excluded from the scope of GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, as these are normal purchase contracts.

(b) Coal Contracts

BPU purchases coal for Nearman generating stations through contracts with Western Fuels Association (WFA) and affiliates. WFA, in turn, contracts with coal producers and railroads to meet its coal supply and delivery commitments to the BPU. BPU is required to pay all costs incurred by WFA in acquiring and delivering the coal as well as a management fee.

Coal delivery to Nearman is contracted between WFA and Union Pacific Railroad which is effective until December 31, 2018. The delivery cost is established from a base price and is adjusted by indices set out in the contract.

The BPU is committed to purchase coal through WFA for the duration of the Nearman plant. The estimated coal purchase for Nearman station is \$20,000,000, \$29,000,000, and \$29,000,000 for 2016, 2017, and 2018, respectively. Any additional coal required will be bought through spot market.

The BPU has determined these coal contracts to be excluded from the scope of GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, as these are normal purchase contracts.

(c) Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Retirement Pension Plan for the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined by GASB 68.

The Plan is governed by Kansas State statutes, which, provide for the establishment of a Board of Pension Trustees and provides authorization for the Plan to take control and custody of all assets, property, and funds presently held, controlled, and in the possession of the Plan's Board of Pension Trustee. The Plan was established and may be amended only by the Board of Pension Trustees. The Board of Pension Trustees is represented equally by three management seats, appointed by the General Manager, and three nonmanagement seats elected by the BPU members. The Plan membership includes all persons employed by the BPU on a regular, permanent basis. The Plan is not subject to either minimum funding standards of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or the maximum funding limitations.

Separate, stand-alone financial statements of the Plan can be obtained from the Pension Administrator, in care of the Human Resources Department of the BPU, 540 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, KS 66101.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Benefits Provided

The primary benefits provided by the Plan are retirement benefits. However, the Plan also provides ancillary benefits in the event of pre-retirement death, disability, or termination of employment prior to meeting the eligibility requirements to retire. An employee of the BPU is eligible for coverage at the time of employment as a regular, permanent BPU employee. An employee remains a Member of the Plan as long as they continue employment with the BPU. Vesting is achieved upon the completion of five years of service. For Tier 1 members, retirement is at age 55, regardless of service. Benefits are calculated using the compensation for the three highest years of service within the last 10 years of service, multiplied by the total years of service and the formula factor of 1.80%, plus final average salary multiplied by the total years of service prior to January 1, 2004 and the formula factor of 0.40%. Benefits vest after 5 years of service. For Tier 2 members, retirement is at age 65, with 5 years of service or age 60, with 30 years of service. Benefits are calculated using the compensation for the member's entire career, multiplied by the formula factor of 1.50%. Benefits vest after 5 years of service.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

The COLA is an automatic, simple 3% for members who retired before January 1, 1993. The COLA is not automatic, but discretionary for members who retired on or after January 1, 1993. The COLA can vary from 0% to 3% of the previous year's pension as determined by the Pension Board every year. If, on the first January 1 following benefit commencement, benefits have been received for less than a full calendar year, the increase is a fraction of the determined increase equal to the ration of number of monthly benefit payments received divided by 12.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The data required regarding the membership of the Plan were furnished by the Pension Administrator of the Plan. The following table summarizes the membership of the Plan as of January 1, 2014, the valuation date.

Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	773
Disabled members	12
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	23
Active members	570
Total	1,378

Funding Policy

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by and may only be amended by the Pension Board of Trustees. Contribution rates are determined annually by the Pension Board of Trustees. The BPU contributes a fixed contribution rate, equal to that of the members, currently 8.50% of pensionable earnings.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability as of December 31, 2015 was measured as of December 31, 2014 (the measurement date), and the total pension liability used to calculated the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014 and rolled forward to the measurement date. As of December 31, 2015, the Plan reported a net pension liability of \$11,727,545.

		Increase (decrease)	
	Total pension liability (a)	Plan fiduciary net position (b)	Net pension liability (a)-(b)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 477,102,631	474,253,091	2,849,540
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including	7,560,923 36,958,626 — — —	4,278,318 4,278,318 27,423,709	7,560,923 36,958,626 (4,278,318) (4,278,318) (27,423,709)
member refunds Administrative expenses	(30,832,788)	(30,832,788) (338,801)	338,801
Net changes	13,686,761	4,808,756	8,878,005
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 490,789,392	479,061,847	11,727,545

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the net pension liability were:

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method

Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Price inflation
Wage inflation
Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense,
and including inflation rate assumption
Municipal bond index rate
Salary increases, including wage inflation
Cost-of-living adjustment

January 1, 2014 Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed, 15-year floor; 30-year level percent of payroll, open, if a surplus exists on a funding basis

24 years

8-year smoothed market

3.10 percent 4.00 percent

8.00 percent 3.70 percent

4.70 to 11.00 percent

Retired before January 1, 1993: 3.00 percent in all future years retired on/after January 1, 1993 1.0 percent through 2020 and then 3.00 percent for 2021 and later.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Table with generational mortality projections using Scale AA. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table with generational mortality projections using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending December 31, 2012. The experience study report is dated June 18, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is reviewed as part of the regular experience study prepared for the Plan. The results of the most recent experience study were presented in a report dated June 18, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate or return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class, were developed by the Plan's investment consultant. These ranges were combined to develop the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by some investment consultants are often intended for use over a 10-year investment horizon and are not always useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The investment consultant for the BPU does provide capital market assumptions for a 50-year period and those were used as part of our analysis. The long-term rate of return assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class used for the experience study dated June 18, 2014, as provided by the Plan's investment consultant, Demarche, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Targetallocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Domestic large cap equity	20.0%	5.9%
Domestic large cap equity	20.0	7.2
International equity	13.0	6.1
International small cap equity	4.0	7.4
Emerging market equities	3.0	8.9
Real estate	14.0	5.5
Fixed income – intermediate	21.0	3.4
Fixed income – high yield	5.0	5.2
Cash and equivalents	0.0	1.0
	100.0%	

^{*}Arithmetic mean, net of investment expenses, and of inflation factor of 3.1%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the plan contributions from members and the District will be made at the current contribution rates as set out in the labor agreements in effect on the measurement date:

- i. Employee contribution rate: 8.5% of annual compensation
- ii. BPU contribution rate: Same as member contributions (8.5% of annual compensation)

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments of 8.0% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (7.00%) or one percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

	 1% Decrease (7.0%)	Current discount rate (8.0%)	1% Increase (9.0%)
Net pension (asset) liability	\$ 67,868,864	11,727,545	(35,485,565)

Pension Expense

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, the BPU recognized pension expense of \$5,452,849. Annual pension expense consists of service cost, interest and administrative expenses on pension liability less employee contributions and projected earnings on pension plan investments. The difference between actual and expected earnings is recorded as a deferred outflow/inflow of resources recognized in pension expense over a five year period. The pension expense for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 is summarized below.

Service cost at end of year	\$	7,560,923
Interest on the total pension liability		36,958,626
Benefit changes		
Expensed portion of the current-period difference between expected and		
actual experience in the total pension liability		
Expensed portion of current-period assumption changes		***************************************
Employee contributions		(4,278,318)
Projected earnings on plan investments		(37,053,051)
Expensed portion of the current-period difference between expected and		
actual earnings on plan investments		1,925,868
Administrative expenses		338,801
Other		***************************************
Recognition of beginning deferred outflows of resources		
Recognition of beginning deferred inflows of resources		
Total pension expense	\$ _	5,452,849

Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 68, the BPU recognizes differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors, the difference between actual and expected investment returns, changes in proportion, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflow/inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

As of December 31, 2015, the BPU reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$		
Changes in assumptions			
Difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investment		7,703,474	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,172,968	
Total	\$ _	11,876,442	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$4,172,968 will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred outflow of resources
Year ended December 31:	
2016	\$ 1,925,868
2017	1,925,868
2018	1,925,869
2019	1,925,869
Thereafter	
	\$ 7,703,474

(d) Postretirement Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description

The BPU provides certain postemployment healthcare and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents in accordance with provisions established by the BPU's Board of Directors. The plan is a single-employer defined-benefit healthcare plan administered by the BPU. The plan does not issue separate financial statements. Employees are given a 90-day window to retire with medical coverage at ages 55 and above with 7 consecutive years of service. The retiree plan is a comprehensive major medical plan with a \$100 deductible per individual or \$200 per family. For individuals, the plan pays 80% of the next \$12,500 of allowable charges and 100% thereafter for the remainder of that calendar year. For families, the plan pays 80% of the next \$25,000 of allowable charges and 100% thereafter for the remainder of that calendar year. The plan has a lifetime maximum of \$750,000. Benefits cease at the first of the month that the retired employee attains age 65 or death. Spouse benefits end at the first of the month that the retired employee attains age 65, the end of the month of the

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

retiree's death, or on the date of the spouse's death. Retirees are not required to contribute toward the cost of the postretirement benefits. There were 363 participants eligible to receive benefits under this plan as of December 31, 2015.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the BPU are established and can be amended by the BPU's Board. Contributions are made to the plan based on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the BPU paid \$4,057,829 for retirees.

The BPU's annual Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The BPU's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 are as follows:

	 Annual OPEB expense	Annual OPEB contributed	Net OPEB
Fiscal year ended: December 31, 2015	\$ 4,863,731	83% \$	5,074,739

The following table shows the components of BPU's annual OPEB expense for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the BPU's net OPEB obligation:

Normal costs Amortization payment	\$	1,946,310 2,981,056
Annual required contribution (ARC)		4,927,366
Amortization of net OPEB obligation Interest on net OPEB obligation		(266,405) 202,770
Total OPEB expense		4,863,731
Annual employer contribution	_	4,057,829
Change in OPEB obligation		805,902
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year		4,268,837
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ _	5,074,739

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 45,945,465
Actuarial value of plan assets	***************************************
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	45,945,465
Funded ratio	%
Covered payroll	\$ 49,091,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	93.6%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan member to that point. The actuarial methods used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of plan assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The valuation of the liabilities is based on a closed group. In the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.75% discount rate, which includes an annual healthcare cost trend of 7.5% in 2015, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% in 2020. The projected salary increase is 2.5%. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 20 years as a level percentage of payrolls.

(e) Risk Management

The BPU is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort claims; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The BPU is self-insured for workers' compensation, healthcare, certain general liability claims, and a portion of the automobile and small vehicle fleet. The BPU is responsible for the first \$750,000 of a workers' compensation claim per employee/per occurrence and workers' compensation claims greater than \$750,000 and up to \$35,000,000 per employee/per occurrence are fully insured. The BPU is essentially 100% self-insured for healthcare claims and is responsible for the first \$500,000 of general liability and automobile insurance claims. In addition, any general liability or automobile claims greater than \$35,000,000 are the responsibility of BPU. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage

Notes to Financial Statements

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for the past three years. At December 31, 2015, the BPU has established a liability of \$3,154,000, which is based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The liability is based on the requirement that a liability for claims incurred prior to the statement of net position date be recorded if information related to such claims is available prior to the issuance of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The total amount of claims and judgments is expected to become due within one year. Changes in the claims liability for 2015 are as follows:

Beginning accruals	\$	2,697,000
Additional accruals		14,637,000
Charges for claim payments		(14,180,000)
Ending accruals	\$_	3,154,000

(f) Environmental Compliance

The BPU is subject to substantial regulation of air emissions and control equipment under federal, state, and county environmental laws and regulations. Nationwide, utilities with coal-fired generating units have been under heavy scrutiny and enforcement by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Department of Justice for matters related to permitting of modifications to those coal-fired units. This is referred to as "new source review permitting."

In 2007, the BPU received from the EPA a Clean Air Act Section 114 information request seeking information about the types of projects that have been the subject of new source review permitting investigations. On November 25, 2008, EPA issued the BPU a Notice of Violation (NOV) alleging violation of Clean Air Act new source review permitting requirements. On December 19, 2008, the BPU received a supplemental Clean Air Act Section 114 information request to the 2007 information request. BPU responded to both information requests. The NOV alleges violations of the Clean Air Act new source review permitting requirements and corresponding requirements under the Kansas State Implementation Plan at the Utility's Nearman plant dating back to 1994 (four violations) and Quindaro plant dating back to 2001 (two violations). The NOV states such fines and/or penalties could be as much as \$25,000 to \$32,500 per day (depending upon when the violation occurred) commencing from date of the violation. Settlements of numerous similar notice of violation have included penalties and injunctive relief requiring capital expenditures for air pollution control equipment in the hundreds of millions of dollars. The NOV issued to BPU offers opportunity for conference with EPA and the Department of Justice (DOJ) regarding the allegations and a first conference was held in February 2009. Subsequently, EPA and DOJ made an offer of settlement to the BPU and the parties have had exchanges regarding settlement, the most recent in August 2011. Recent court decisions have limited EPA's ability to successfully enforce through imposition of penalties and injunctive relief allegations in notices of violation like those in NOV issued to BPU. In addition, pursuant to requirements of law, the utility has implemented measures and installed much of the pollution control equipment typically part of injunctive relief in enforcement of such notice of violation, the costs of which may be significant in addition to fines and penalties. BPU is not presently able to evaluate what, if any, liability might be imposed and has not accrued anything for this possible obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

On July 16, 2012, the BPU and the Unified Government received from the Kansas Chapter of the Sierra Club a notice of intent to sue the BPU, under the Clean Air Act citizen suit provisions, for alleged violations of opacity emissions limits at the Nearman Station and Quindaro Station. The Sierra Club and BPU signed a consent decree approved by the U.S. District Court on December 5, 2013. The Consent Decree requires that coal no longer be combusted at the Quindaro Station as of April 16, 2015 (which has been accomplished) and that the Nearman Station install and operate particulate matter pollution control equipment by June 1, 2017.

(g) Other Legal Matters

In the normal course of business, the BPU is subject to various lawsuits, actions, proceedings, claims, and other matters asserted under laws and regulations. Management believes the amounts provided in the financial statements, as prescribed by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, are adequate in light of the probable and estimable contingencies. However, there can be no assurances that the actual amounts required to satisfy alleged liabilities from various legal proceedings, claims, and other matters, and to comply with applicable laws and regulations, will not exceed the amounts reflected in the BPU's financial statements. As such, costs, if any, that may be incurred in excess of those amounts provided as of December 31, 2015 cannot be reasonably determined.

(10) Principal Customers

Electric and water charges to the BPU's five largest retail customers and three largest wholesale customers expressed as a percentage of total operating revenues for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

Principal retail customers:	
General Motors Corporation	5.2%
Griffin Wheel	2.5
CertainTeed Corp	2.4
Owens Corning Sales, LLC	2.1
University of KS Hospital	1.9
Total principal retail customers	14.1
Principal wholesale customers:	
Dogwood	2.4
Kansas Municipal Energy Authority	1.5
Southwest Power Pool	1.0
Total principal wholesale customers	4.9
Principal customers	19.0%

(11) Subsequent Event

In January 2016, the BPU issued \$125 million of revenue bonds to finance environmental equipment upgrades to comply with new EPA regulations impacting the Nearman power generation stations. This debt has an average interest rate of 3.86 percent and is repayable through 2045.

Schedule 1

BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Year ended December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

Total pension liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Benefit payments, including member refunds	\$	7,560,923 36,958,626 (30,832,788)
Net change in total pension liability		13,686,761
Total pension liability, beginning	_	477,102,631
Total pension liability, ending (a)	_	490,789,392
Plan fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including member refunds Administrative expenses	_	4,278,318 4,278,318 27,423,709 (30,832,788) (338,801)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,808,756
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	-	474,253,091
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	_	479,061,847
Net pension liability, ending (a) – (b)	\$ _	11,727,545
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.61%
Covered payroll	\$	49,091,000
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		23.89%

Note:

Required schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. GASB 68 was adopted in 2015, as such, only one year presented herein.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Employer 10 Year Contributions Year ended December 31, 2015

(Dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

8.47% 1,562 50,254 8.43% 2,925 51,357 4,129 8.41% 50,792 2013 8.53% 3,609 50,128 8.49% 3,253 49,091 Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll Actuarially determined employer contribution Actual employer contributions Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered-employee payroll

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined employer contribution reported in the most recent actuarial valuation (January 1, 2014):

Entry age normal cost Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Contributions

6.10%

5.84%

5.58% 50,389

6.72% 50,111

8.44% 49,254

4,194 46,424

(316) 48,138

Amortization method

Level percentage of payoll, closed, 15-year floor, 30-year level percer 30-year level percent of payroll, open, if a surplus exists on a funding exists on a funding basis

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

8 year smoothed market

3.10%

8.00%, net of investment expenses and including inflation 4.70%-11.00%, including inflation

Retired before January 1, 1993: 3.00% in all future years
Retired or/after Jan Retired on/after January 1, 1993: 1.00% through 2020
and then 3.00% for and then 3.00% for 2021 and later.

Pre-retirement mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Employee Table with generational mortality projections using Scale AA.

Post-retirement mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Health Annutrant Table with generational mortality projections using Scale AA.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Future cost-of-living adjustments

Mortality

Investment rate of return

Salary increases

Inflation

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress – Postretirement

December 31, 2015

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	accrued				percentage
Actuarial valuation	value of	liability	Funded	Unfunded	Covered	of covered
date, January 1	assets	(AAL)	<u>ratio</u>	AAL	payroll	payroll
2015	s —	45 9		45.9	49.1	93.6%

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.75% discount rate, which includes an annual healthcare cost trend of 7.5% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0% in 2020. The projected salary increase is 2.5%. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 20 years as a level percent of payroll.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2015

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>Electric</u>	Water	Total utility
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:			
Property, plant, and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,171,378,722 (633,778,372)	366,467,548 (110,632,097)	1,537,846,270 (744,410,469)
Plant in service, net	537,600,350	255,835,451	793,435,801
Construction work in progress	131,195,530	6,728,654	137,924,184
Capital assets, net	668,795,880	262,564,105	931,359,985
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	32,588,584 249,000	150,000	32,738,584 249,000
Total restricted assets	32,837,584	150,000	32,987,584
Other assets System development costs, net Regulatory assets	53,583 1,479,976 536,319	8,006 100,030 ———	61,589 1,580,006 536,319
Total noncurrent assets	703,703,342	262,822,141	966,525,483
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Investments – restricted Accounts receivable – customers and other Accounts receivable – unbilled Allowance for doubtful accounts Inventories Prepayments and other current assets Total current assets	30,362,775 8,802,740 11,457,118 22,108,855 8,092,935 (1,111,300) 28,089,953 2,634,028 110,437,104	15,204,032 1,896,913 2,805,940 4,221,183 2,024,327 (216,679) 1,828,987 51,511 27,816,214	45,566,807 10,699,653 14,263,058 26,330,038 10,117,262 (1,327,979) 29,918,940 2,685,539 138,253,318
Total assets	814,140,446	290,638,355	1,104,778,801
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred loss on bond refunding Deferred outflows – pension related	9,508,024 9,480,084	2,718,027 2,396,358	12,226,051 11,876,442
Total deferred outflow of resources	18,988,108	5,114,385	24,102,493
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 833,128,554	295,752,740	1,128,881,294

(Continued)

Combining Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2015

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	_	Electric	Water	Total utility
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted – debt service Unrestricted	\$	210,874,992 17,801,492 79,625,874	140,085,052 4,125,210 (8,093,452)	350,960,044 21,926,702 71,532,422
Total net position	_	308,302,358	136,116,810	444,419,168
Liabilities: Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt – revenue bonds Government loans Capital lease	_	470,073,317 2,245,980 1,539,352	85,386,734 28,947,398 721,840	555,460,051 31,193,378 2,261,192
Total long-term debt and capital lease obligations		473,858,649	115,055,972	588,914,621
Postretirement benefit obligation Reserve for compensated absences Net pension liability	_	3,905,878 3,777,540 10,812,808	1,168,861 564,460 914,737	5,074,739 4,342,000 11,727,545
Noncurrent liabilities		492,354,875	117,704,030	610,058,905
Current liabilities: Current maturities of revenue bonds Current maturities of government loans Current maturities of capital lease obligations Accrued interest Customer deposits Accounts payable Payroll and payroll taxes Accrued claims payable Other accrued liabilities Payment-in-lieu of taxes Interdepartmental balances	-	14,280,746 157,744 1,111,333 6,980,819 3,375,849 22,860,223 360,134 3,657,611 3,853,288 1,835,526 (28,114,439)	5,059,254 1,923,978 439,849 1,291,017 727,643 1,934,002 1,166,041 823,338 56,971 395,368 28,114,439	19,340,000 2,081,722 1,551,182 8,271,836 4,103,492 24,794,225 1,526,175 4,480,949 3,910,259 2,230,894
Total current liabilities		30,358,834	41,931,900	72,290,734
Total liabilities	_	522,713,709	159,635,930	682,349,639
Deferred inflows of resources: Recovery fuel purchased power	_	2,112,487		2,112,487
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,112,487		2,112,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	833,128,554	295,752,740	1,128,881,294

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year ended December 31, 2015

	_	Electric	Water	Total utility
Operating revenues:				
Residential	\$	62,913,435	23,467,324	86,380,759
Commercial		90,640,767	10,827,800	101,468,567
Industrial		45,014,967	5,908,606	50,923,573
Other		31,557,692	4,247,317	35,805,009
Energy rate component recovery		(2,112,487)		(2,112,487)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes	_	25,454,466	5,204,385	30,658,851
Total operating revenues	_	253,468,840	49,655,432	303,124,272
Operating expenses:				
Fuel		40,073,878		40,073,878
Purchased power		34,489,510		34,489,510
Production		39,063,938	5,233,106	44,297,044
Transmission and distribution		32,767,363	14,536,978	47,304,341
General and administrative		27,474,553	7,621,628	35,096,181
Depreciation and amortization		37,875,085	9,663,290	47,538,375
Total operating expenses	_	211,744,327	37,055,002	248,799,329
Operating income		41,724,513	12,600,430	54,324,943
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Interest expense		(20,391,456)	(4,222,671)	(24,614,127)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes		(25,454,466)	(5,204,385)	(30,658,851)
Other	-	832,608	56,164	888,772
Total nonoperating expense, net	_	(45,013,314)	(9,370,892)	(54,384,206)
Income before contributions and transfers		(3,288,801)	3,229,538	(59,263)
Contributions and transfers: Contributions from developers and others			951,950	951,950
Change in net position	•	(3,288,801)	4,181,488	892,687
Net position, beginning of year (as restated)		311,591,159	131,935,322	443,526,481
Net position, end of year	\$	308,302,358	136,116,810	444,419,168

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors Board of Public Utilities:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Board of Public Utilities of Kansas City, Kansas (the BPU), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the BPU's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BPU's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of BPU's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described below that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

 Ineffective periodic review of the assignment of depreciation rates, indicated by a third party depreciation rate study, to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) asset categories within the BPU's fixed asset financial reporting system.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the BPU's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,



contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The BPU's Response to Finding

The BPU's period ended December, 31 2015 statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position reflect corrections in the current period for additional depreciation expense of \$10,814,147 that should have been taken in previous years. This correction adjusts certain computer and software capital assets to being depreciated at their recommended useful life according to a third party study. Further, the BPU has fully reconciled all recommended depreciation rates provided by the most recently implemented third party rate study across all Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) asset categories as of December 31, 2015. The BPU has also revised their policy for periodic review of depreciation rate assignments to a quarterly review control covering all FERC asset categories and available rate studies. BPU's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the BPU's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the BPU's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri June 1, 2016

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

Financial Trends
Revenue Capacity
Debt Capacity
Demographic and Economic Information
Operating Information





Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the utility's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the utility's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	69
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the utility's most significant local revenue source.	71
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the utility's current levels of outstanding debt and the utility's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	73
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the utility's financial activities takes place.	79
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the readers understand how the information in the utility's financial report relates to the services the utility provides and the activities it performs.	85



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Financial Trends





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Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Net Position invested in Capital Assets, net of related Debt: Capital assets, net of depreciation Pands and antennable	s	\$ 775,677 \$	693,985,594 \$	694,016,598 \$	689,463,474 \$	678,544,095 \$	706,397,621 \$	823,905,500	840,462,907 \$	866,886,249 \$	931,359,985
Principal, Jong term		(324,102,885)	(314,495,795)	(308,110,760)	(321,601,392)	(311,697,479)	(333,859,746)	(445,759,661)	(448,634,819)	(467,692,007)	(523,972,467)
Government Loans		(19,666,793)	(22,713,285)	(21,693,505)	(20,657,540)	(19,645,748)	(18,701,155)	(17,633,390)	(25,897,005)	(30,415,148)	(31,193,378)
Capital Leases		(1,637,046)	(187,671)	(650,043)	(367,952)	(74,989)	•	•	(020,069)	(854,126)	(2,261,192)
Principal, current		(10,952,986)	(9,958,765)	(6,736,709)	(7,951,515)	(13,935,000)	(15,680,000)	(16,970,000)	(19,030,000)	(18,230,000)	(19,340,000)
Government Loans, current		(804,415)	(976,882)	(1,014,400)	(1,053,360)	(1,071,373)	(1,112,511)	(1,155,230)	(1,688,935)	(1,748,714)	(2,081,722)
Capital Leases, current Band moceeds for construction (unspent) (B)		(1,704,964)	(1,550,395)	(368,879)	(282,091)	(292,964)	(74,989)		(321,746)	(600,003)	(1,551,182)
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	S	352,320,171 S	344,102,801 S	355,442,301 S	337,549,623 \$	331,826,542 \$	336,969,220 S	342,387,219 S	344,200,332 \$	347,346,161 S	350,960,044
Restricted Net Position (A)											
Bond covenant requirements	S	37,190,172 \$	4,546,604 \$	15,508,357 \$	55,170,663 \$	50,980,822 \$	97,519,802 \$	\$ 785,873,587	46,162,140 \$	135,307,603 \$	53,414,286
Bond proceeds designated for project construction (B)					37,936,865	34,560,938	78,919,255	28,148,696	25,458,437	(109,205,755)	(31,487,584)
Bond principal unspent		(19,609,783)	•		(37,936,865)	(34,560,938)	(78,919,255)	(28,148,696)	(25,458,437)		
Funds segregated under City Ordinance due to		3,219,427	3,442,049	3,446,669	3,270,411	3,345,722	3,388,815	3,579,724	3,612,072	3,796,842	4,103,492
Liability for customer deposits		(3,219,427)	(3,442,049)	(3,446,669)	(3,270,411)	(3,345,722)	(3,388,815)	(3,579,724)	(3,612,072)	(3,796,842)	(4,103,492)
Total Restricted Net Position	s	17,580,389 \$	4,546,604 S	15,508,357 \$	55,170,663 \$	50,980,822 S	97,519,802 \$	66,873,587 \$	46,162,140 S	26,101,848 S	21,926,702
Unrestricted Net Position											
Other designated funds	S	S	٠s	. s	٠ ١	<i>چ</i>	<i>د</i> ه	· ·	<u>د</u>	,	•
Reserve funds			•	•	•		•	•	•		•
Funds held for future improvements		•		,		•	• 1				, ,
Project construction accounts Unrestricted - Other		13,831,492	61,896,774	43,426,745	(2,784,373)	23,941,008	(27,779,967)	(3,311,855)	25,918,754	51,323,406	71,532,422
Total Unrestricted Net Position	8	13,831,492 \$	61,896,774 S	43,426,745 S	(2,784,373) S	23,941,008 S	\$ (19,961) \$	(3,311,855) \$	25,918,754 \$	51,323,406 \$	71,532,422
Total Net Position	s	383,732,052 \$	410,546,179 S	414,377,403 S	389,935,914 \$	406,748,372 S	406,709,054 S	405,948,951 \$	416,281,226 \$	424,771,415 S	444,419,168

Footnote A

Per Question 95 of "Guide to Implementation of GASB Statement 34 on Basic Financial Statements - and Management's discussion
and Analysis - State and Local Governments' (Implementation Guide), restricted Net Position should be reported when constraints placed on net asset use are either:
a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covernants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
The basic concept is that restrictions are not unitaterally established by the reporting government itself, and cannot be removed without the
consent of those imposing the restrictions or through formal due process.

Footnote B

Per the Implementation Guide, if there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds should not be included in the "calculation of net investment in capital assets"... The unspent portion of the debt would be included in the calculation of Net Position restricted for capital projects.

Combined Operating Statements Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Operating Revenues	6	000	201.00	696 021 03	000 277	77 202 520 \$	70.621.167.	\$ 850 002 38	3 549 654 645	\$ 60 816 017	96 380 759
Kesidential				4 CCC,6/1/50 4	07,009,344		00 010 745	•	000,473,043	-	101 468 567
Commercial		19,590,974	72,088,103	078,617,77	70,789,419	14,233,899	88,910,745	101,829,200	77,047,007	104,300,433	101,400,001
Industrial		55,822,224	44,340,186	46,366,895	45,520,902	44,277,063	43,860,628	45,902,344	44,178,102	47,842,971	50,923,573
Other		33,221,762	40,250,336	45,392,688	32,001,538	33,932,880	31,057,374	28,121,275	28,305,763	43,412,193	35,805,009
Deferred Energy Rate Component		•	•	•	(12,332,254)	12,332,254		(1,296,801)	1,296,801	(5,129,895)	(2,112,487)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes		18,374,439	17,230,192	17,562,272	21,540,269	27,831,160	28,303,139	28,052,962	27,333,943	31,291,744	30,658,851
Total Operating Revenues		258,910,231	246,012,559	256,221,028	231,609,218	264,990,786	271,763,043	289,368,938	287,418,263	311,540,385	303,124,272
Operating Expenses	l			·							
Production	Ξ	118,999,005	108,022,193	124,590,074	116,062,263	104,447,219	121,079,793	133,651,887	122,778,881	139,651,369	118,860,432
Transmission & Distribution		31,680,256	36,188,822	34,655,585	34,548,626	37,287,338	41,157,088	41,157,296	42,336,766	41,865,301	47,304,341
General and Administrative		31,056,425	36,197,159	30,965,312	34,518,980	29,900,838	30,376,612	29,832,976	31,747,806	34,179,058	35,096,181
Depreciation & Amortization		30,550,474	31,703,397	31,291,634	31,986,166	31,705,944	32,380,345	32,818,565	33,613,655	32,939,640	47,538,375
Purchased Power Amortization	(2)	1	•	1			•	•	•	•	1
Total Operating Expense		212,286,160	212,111,571	221,502,605	217,116,035	203,341,339	224,993,838	237,460,724	230,477,108	248,635,368	248,799,329
Onerating Income	1	46,624,071	33,900,988	34,718,423	14,493,183	61,649,447	46,769,205	51,908,214	56,941,155	62,905,017	54,324,943
Interest Income/(Expense)	(E)	(15,549,762)	(15,663,027)	(14,791,096)	(17,604,368)	(17,306,717)	(18,564,432)	(19,288,063)	(19,509,494)	(23,329,806)	(23,725,356)
Payment-in-lieu of taxes		(18,374,439)	(17,230,192)	(17,562,272)	(21,540,269)	(27,831,160)	(28,303,139)	(28,052,962)	(27,333,943)	(31,291,744)	(30,658,851)
Nononerating Income/(Expense)	(4)	(33,924,201)	(32,893,219)	(32,353,368)	(39,144,637)	(45,137,877)	(46,867,571)	(47,341,025)	(46,843,437)	(54,621,550)	(54,384,206)
Income/Loss	1	12,699,870	1,007,769	2,365,055	(24,651,454)	16,511,570	(98,366)	4,567,189	10,097,718	8,283,467	(59,263)
Contributions	(5)	1.403.996	880,873	1,466,171	209,965	300,888	59,048	130,878	234,557	206,722	951,950
Change In Net Position	1	\$ 14,103,866	\$ 1,888,642 \$	\$ 3,831,226 \$	(24,441,489) \$	16,812,458 \$	\$ (818'68)	4,698,067 \$	10,332,275 \$	8,490,189 \$	892,687
	11										

Includes fuel, purchased power and production.
 Purchased power costs amortization added beginning in 2002.
 Includes other non operating income.
 2005 - Recognized Loss on Disposal of Assets.

Revenue Capacity





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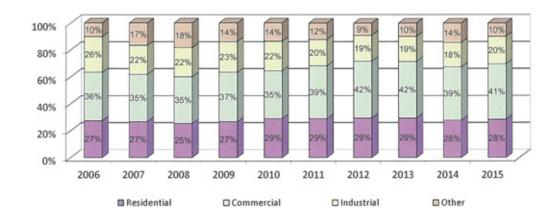
ELECTRIC UTILITY SYSTEM SALES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

[87			Residential		M					Commercial			
		Dollars/\$'s	(Kwh)	Customers	Average kWh		Average Sales /\$'s		Dollars/\$'s	(Kwh)	Customers	Average kWh		Average Sales /\$'s
2006	S	54,131,458	562,349,076	57,500	9,780	S	941.42	S	71,126,503	910,094,493	6,733	135,169	S	10,563.8
2007	S	50,728,377	569,938,677	57,267	9,952	S	885.82	S	66,484,533	896,367,753	6,799	131,838	S	9,778.5
2008	S	50,853,676	544,166,628	57,187	9,516	S	889.25	S	69,292,240	856,957,838	6,905	124,107	S	10,035.0
2009	S	49,968,396	536,644,287	56,907	9,430	S	878.07	S	69,038,969	864,936,202	6,952	124,415	S	9,930.8
2010	S	53,468,956	609,507,300	56,357	10,815	S	948.75	S	65,639,995	880,896,928	6,905	127,574	S	9,506.1
2011	S	58,399,854	593,262,827	56,297	10,538	S	1,037.35	S	79,123,112	947,700,453	6,782	139,738	S	11,666.6
2012	S	63,637,856	575,632,270	56,161	10,250	S	1,133.13	S	90,921,884	1,002,859,658	6,824	146,961	S	13,323.8
2013	S	62,720,564	570,101,207	56,607	10,071	S	1,108.00	S	88,739,827	974,198,305	6,867	141,867	5	12,922.0
2014	S	66,175,299	570,452,010	57,104	9,990	S	1,158.86	S	93,289,110	972,781,805	6,897	141,044	S	13,526.0
2015	-	62,913,435	553,722,235	57,138	9,691	S	1,101.08	S	90,640,767	971.810.982	6,946	139,909	S	13.049.3

		Industrial				100			Other			
			Average		Average					Average		Average
Dollars/\$'s	(Kwh)	Customers	kWh		Sales /\$'s		Dollars/\$'s	(Kwh)	Customers	kWh		Sales /S's
52,357,554	897,258,438	94	9,545,303	S	556,995.26	S	19,978,877	457,359,735	242	1,889,916	\$	82,557.
41,001,666	759,651,447	94	8,081,398	S	436,187.94	S	31,468,641	502,448,866	225	2,233,106	5	139,860.
43,507,292	742,247,845	94	7,896,254	\$	462,843.53	S	36,760,714	482,736,551	222	2,174,489	S	165,588.
42,666,801	689,322,900	94	7,333,222	5	453,902.14	S	26,074,666	419,910,237	232	1,809,958	\$	112,390.
40,758,341	751,421,546	94	7,993,846	S	433,599.38	S	25,318,233	417,673,813	233	1,792,591	S	108,661
39,556,941	617,010,984	94	6,563,947	\$	420,818.52	S	24,325,345	375,029,948	203	1,847,438	S	119,829.
41,183,223	558,120,634	93	6,001,297	5	442,830.35	S	19,663,998	209,451,130	203	1,031,779	S	96,866.
39,454,295	539,561,698	90	5,995,130	\$	438,381.06	\$	21,028,399	264,080,917	203	1,300,891	S	103,588.
42,828,672	554,090,099	90	6,156,557	5	475,874.13	S	34,251,771	397,969,989	199	1,999,849	S	172,119.
45,014,967	622,671,779	88	7.075,816	5	511,533.72	S	21,934,068	352,047,700	195	1,805,373	S	112,482.
I	52,357,554 41,001,666 43,507,292 42,666,801 40,758,341 39,556,941 41,183,223 39,454,295 42,828,672	52,357,554 897,258,438 41,001,666 759,651,447 43,507,292 742,247,845 42,666,801 689,322,900 40,758,341 751,421,546 39,556,941 617,010,984 41,183,223 558,120,634 39,454,295 539,561,698 42,828,672 554,090,099	52,357,554 897,258,438 94 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 42,828,672 554,090,099 90	Dollars/\$'s (Kwh) Customers kWh 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 42,666,801 689,322,900 94 7,333,222 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557	Dollars/\$'s (Kwh) Customers kWh 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 42,666,801 689,322,900 94 7,333,222 \$ 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$	Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales /S's 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995.26 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187.94 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843.53 42,666,801 689,322,900 94 7,333,222 \$ 453,902.14 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 433,599.38 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818.52 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830.35 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381.06 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874.13	Dollars/\$'s (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales /5's 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995,26 \$ 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187,94 \$ 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,933,846 \$ 433,599,38 \$ 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 42,0818,52 \$ 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381.06 \$ 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874.13 \$ 45,014,967 622,671,779 88 7,075,816 \$ 511,533.72 \$	Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales /S's Dollars/S's 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995,26 \$ 19,978,877 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187,94 \$ 31,468,641 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 36,760,714 42,666,801 689,322,900 94 7,333,222 \$ 453,902,14 \$ 26,074,666 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 433,599,38 \$ 25,318,233 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818,52 \$ 24,325,345 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 19,663,998 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381,06 \$ 21,028,399 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874,13 \$ 34,251,771 45,014,967 622,671,779 88 7,075,816 \$ 511,533,72 \$ 21,934,068	Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales /S's Dollars/S's (Kwh) 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995,26 \$ 19,978,877 457,359,735 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187,94 \$ 31,468,641 502,448,866 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 36,760,714 482,736,551 42,666,801 689,322,900 94 7,333,222 \$ 453,902,14 \$ 26,074,666 419,910,237 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 435,99,38 \$ 25,318,233 417,673,813 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818,52 \$ 24,325,345 375,029,948 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 19,663,998 209,451,130 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381,06 \$ 21,028,399 264,080,917 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874,13	Dollars/\$'s (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales /5's Dollars/\$'s (Kwh) Customers 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995,26 \$ 19,978,877 457,359,735 242 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187,94 \$ 31,468,641 502,448,866 225 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 36,760,714 482,736,551 222 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 433,599,38 \$ 25,318,233 417,673,813 233 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818,52 \$ 24,325,345 375,029,948 203 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 19,663,998 209,451,130 203 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381.06 \$ 21,028,399 264,080,917 203 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874.13 \$ 34,251,771 39	Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales/S's Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995.26 \$ 19,978,877 457,359,735 242 1,889,916 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187.94 \$ 31,468,641 502,448,866 225 2,233,106 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 36,760,714 482,736,551 222 2,174,489 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,993,846 \$ 433,599,38 \$ 26,074,666 419,910,237 232 1,809,958 41,183,223 558,120,634 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818,52 \$ 25,318,233 417,673,813 233 1,792,591 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 19,663,998 209,451,130 203 1,301,891 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 6,156,557 \$ 475,874,13 \$ 34,251,771 397,969,989 199 1,9	Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh Sales/S's Dollars/S's (Kwh) Customers kWh 52,357,554 897,258,438 94 9,545,303 \$ 556,995.26 \$ 19,978,877 457,359,735 242 1,889,916 \$ 41,001,666 759,651,447 94 8,081,398 \$ 436,187.94 \$ 31,468,641 502,448,866 225 2,233,106 \$ 43,507,292 742,247,845 94 7,896,254 \$ 462,843,53 \$ 36,760,714 482,736,551 222 2,174,489 \$ 40,758,341 751,421,546 94 7,933,846 \$ 433,599,38 \$ 26,074,666 419,910,237 232 1,809,958 \$ 39,556,941 617,010,984 94 6,563,947 \$ 420,818,52 \$ 25,318,233 417,673,813 233 1,792,591 \$ 41,183,223 558,120,634 93 6,001,297 \$ 442,830,35 \$ 19,663,998 209,451,130 203 1,301,779 \$ 39,454,295 539,561,698 90 5,995,130 \$ 438,381.06 \$ 21,028,399 264,080,917 203 1,300,891 \$ 42,828,672 554,090,099 90 <td< td=""></td<>

- [Total			
		Dollars/\$'s	(Kwh)	Customers	Average kWh		Average Sales /\$'s
006	S	197,594,392	2,827,061,742	64,569	43,784	S	3,060.21
007	S	189,683,217	2,728,406,743	64,385	42,376	S	2,946.08
008	S	200,413,922	2,626,108,862	64,408	40,773	S	3,111.63
009	S	187,748,832	2,510,813,626	64,185	39,118	S	2,925.12
010	S	185,185,525	2,659,499,587	63,589	41,823	S	2,912.23
011	S	201,405,252	2,533,004,212	63,376	39,968	S	3,177.94
012	S	215,406,961	2,346,063,692	63,281	37,074	S	3,403.98
013	S	211,943,085	2,347,942,127	63,767	36,821	S	3,323.7
015	S	236,544,852	2,495,293,903	64,290	38,813	S	3,679.34
015	S	220,503,237	2,500,252,696	64,367	38,844	S	3,425.72

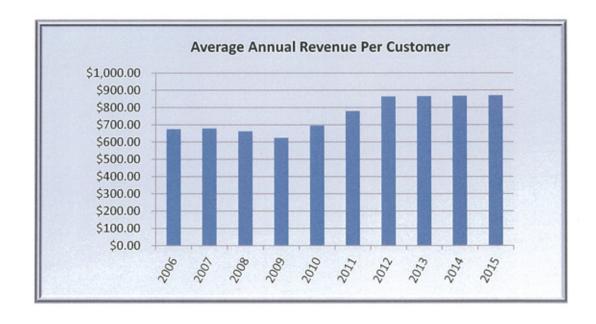
Percentage of Electric Utility Sales



Water Utility Sales Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gallons Pumped	Gallons Sold	•	Operating Revenue	Average Number of Customers	Average Revenue Per Customer
2006	12,754,110,000	7,317,225,371	\$	34,270,444	50,765	\$675.08
2007	11,387,530,000	7,000,978,000	\$	34,445,314	50,691	\$679.52
2008	11,703,670,000	6,260,264,000	\$	33,488,102	50,530	\$662.74
2009	10,867,240,000	6,015,566,000	\$	31,545,660	50,483	\$624.88
2010	11,088,290,000	6,422,126,000	\$	34,731,824	49,987	\$694.82
2011	11,435,840,000	6,662,349,000	\$	38,855,138	49,833	\$779.71
2012	12,373,150,000	6,848,172,000	\$	43,178,953	49,982	\$863.89
2013	11,239,380,000	6,217,618,000	\$	43,245,833	49,927	\$866.18
2014	10,708,060,000	6,240,941,000	S	43,714,822	50,384	\$867.63
2015	10,335,230,000	6,377,958,000	S	44,451,047	51,060	\$870.56

NOTE: Gallons sold excludes internal BPU department use and water services provided to the Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas.



Debt Capacity





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Utility System Revenue Bonded Indebtedness BPU

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				pita		340	7,240	2,271	2,184	2,484	2,390	2,791	3,126	3,047	3,582	3,456
				Per Ca	9	ç	4	69	٠.	69	69	69	· •	69	· •4	69
			Percentage of	Personal Income Per Capita	(5)	780 0	9.070	8.2%	7.6%	%0.6	8.5%	%2.6	10.2%	%2.6	11.7%	11.1%
Debt Service				Coverage	(4)	, , ,	7.33	2.06	2.01	1.39	2.78	2.07	1.94	2.06	1.94	2.03
Debt				Total	(3)	610 401 100	012,421,122	589,388,907	555,909,955	628,789,316	590,509,131	696,774,237	783,601,073	755,024,382	928,242,003	886,002,921
				Interest	(3)	710 370 370	010,000,002	242,696,750	220,158,825	243,196,901	214,362,010	255,860,571	285,077,454	264,673,442	348,063,141	322,942,821
				Principal	(3)	354 426 183	201,024,466	346,692,157	335,751,130	385,592,415	376,147,121	440,913,666	498,523,619	490,350,940	580,178,862	563,060,100
,	Maximum	Outstanding	Annual	Debt Service	(3)	24 462 406	04,403,430	33,557,926	33,557,926	34,270,503	33,934,990	38,594,328	44,144,619	44,144,619	49,344,896	50,117,164
						v	9	69	S	S	Ş	S	S	S	69	S
	Current	ear Net	tevenue	Available for	Debt Service	90 311 067	106,110,00	69,164,414	67,452,994	47,932,459	94,272,458	80,617,942	85,575,831	90,908,113	95,986,417	102,752,089
		×	<u> </u>	Ava	Del	v	9	S	69	ક્ક	69	s	S	s	S	s
			Derating	Expenses	(2)	191 725 689	101,723,000	180,408,175	191,646,089	185,129,869	171,635,396	192,613,493	204,642,159	196,863,453	215,695,728	201,260,954
			0	jarred.		é	4	S	S	S	S	6/3	69	બ્	ده	€9
				Gross Revenue	(1)	363 047 645	202,047,042	249,572,589	259,099,083	233,062,328	265,907,854	273,231,435	290,217,990	287,771,566	311,682,145	304,013,043
				Gro		٥	9	s	s	64	S	s	S	Ś	s	S
				Fiscal	Year	2000	2007	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

NOTE: The most restrictive bond ordinance provides for historical net revenue coverage at 120 percent of the Maximum Outstanding Annual Debt Service.

⁽¹⁾ Total operating revenues, interest on investments, other interest and income (excluding Construction Fund) and other.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.
(3) Beginning in 2004 the maximum outstanding annual debt service and debt service includes the payments required for the government loans.
(4) Current Year Net Revenue Available for Debt Service divided by Maximum Outstanding Annual Debt Service
(5) Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
(6) Population and personal income data can be found in the Deomographic Schedule.

BPU Debt per Customer

Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020			Total Electric		
2016 2017 2018 2019	Principal	Interest	Total	Customers	Debt / Customer
2017 2018 2019	13,374,647	23,175,436	36,550,082	64,367	568 553
2018 2019	14,433,303	21,142,880	35,576,183	64,367	552
2019	14,941,729	20,607,489	35,549,217	64,367	
	15,530,748 18,478,851	20,015,498	35,546,246	64,367 64.367	552 588
	18,478,851 19,346,988	19,357,519 18,476,063	37,836,370 37,823,051	64,367 64,367	588 588
2021	20,264,870	17,552,678	37,817,548	64,367	588
2022	20,384,029	16,614,837	36,998,865	64,367	575
2023	21,370,644	15,602,761	36,973,405	64,367	574
2024	16,592,834	14,541,225	31,134,058	64,367	484
2025	17,920,566	13,744,595	31,665,162	64,367	492
2026	18,807,840	12,854,921	31,662,761	64,367	492
2027	19,915,715	11,970,859	31,886,574	64,367	495
2028	21,073,257	11,032,874	32,106,131	64,367	499
2029	22,374,587	10,038,622	32,413,209	64,367	504
2030	23,356,234	8,945,717	32,301,951	64,367	502
2031	21,126,053	7,795,599	28,921,652	64,367	449
2032	22,177,408	6,749,440	28,926,848	64,367	449
2033	17,720,049	5,662,199	23,382,248	64,367	363
2034	18,550,026	4,830,661	23,380,687	64,367	363
2035	13,344,000	3,947,888	17,291,888	64,367	269
2036	14,067,600	3,337,163	17,404,763	64,367	270
2037	11,070,000	2,698,263	13,768,263	64,367	214
2038	5,700,000	2,206,413	7,906,413	64,367	123
2039	5,945,000	1,964,163	7,909,163	64,367	123
2040	6,195,000	1,711,500	7,906,500	64,367	123
2041	6,505,000	1,401,750	7,906,750	64,367	123
2042	6,830,000	1,076,500	7,906,500	64,367	123
2043	7,170,000	735,000	7,905,000	64,367	123
2044	7,530,000	376,500	7,906,500	64,367	123
Total	462,096,977	300,167,011	762,263,987	64,367	11,842
Year	Principal	Interest	Total Water	Customers	Debt / Customer
2015	6,528,435	5,080,064	11,608,499	51,060	227
2016	7,232,021	4,810,153	12,042,174	51,060	236
2017	7,514,167	4,709,553	12,223,720	51,060	239
2018	7,783,287	4,453,199	12,236,487	51,060	240
2019	8,107,340	4,164,182	12,271,522	51,060	240
2020	8,466,796	3,824,965	12,291,761	51,060	241
2021	8,829,671	3,469,945	12,299,616	51,060	241
2022	8,161,708	3,101,849	11,263,557	51,060	221
2023	8,238,246	2,758,925	10,997,171	51,060	215
2024	6,155,042	2,413,879	8,568,922	51,060	168
2025	5,402,763	2,187,497	7,590,260	51,060	149
2026	5,625,748	1,969,697	7,595,444	51,060	149
2027	5,626,728	1,748,689	7,375,418	51,060	144
2028	5,631,570	1,528,300	7,159,871	51,060	140
2029	5,672,819	1,297,845	6,970,664	51,060	137
2030	5,825,510	1,064,174	6,889,684	51,060	135
2031	4,625,300	822,440	5,447,741	51,060	107
2032	4,814,407	638,530	5,452,937	51,060	107
2033	3,803,101	445,005	4,248,106	51,060	83
2034	3,190,392	302,046	3,492,439	51,060	68
2035	2,182,103	163,645	2,345,748	51,060	46
2036	1,745,877	76,727	1,822,603	51,060	36
2037					
0000					1
2038			1		
2038			ı		1
2039					
2039 2040					
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043					arcai d'impressantante de la constante de la c
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044					
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043	131,163,033	51,031,311	182,194,343	51,060	3,568
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total		51,031,311	Total Combined		
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total	Principal	Interest	Total Combined	Customers	Debt / Custome
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year	Principal 19,903,081	Interest 28,255,500	Total Combined Total 48,158,582	Customers 115,427	Debt / Custome 795
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016	Principal 19,903,081 21,685,324	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357	Customers 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938	Customers 115,427 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017 2018	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733	Customers 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036 26,586,191	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892	Customers 115.427 115.427 115.427 115.427 115.427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,886 23,314,036 26,586,191 27,813,784	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028	Total Combined Total 48, 158, 582 47, 618, 357 47,772, 938 47, 782, 733 50, 107, 892 50, 114, 812	Customers 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036 26,586,191 27,813,784 29,094,541	Interest 28.255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892 50,114,812 50,117,164	Customers 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828 828 828
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2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,696 23,314,036 26,586,191 27,813,784 29,094,541 20,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548	Total Combined Total 48,158,562 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892 50,114,812 50,117,164 48,262,423 47,970,576 39,702,980 39,255,422 39,258,206 39,261,992	Customers 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641
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2039 2030 2031 2035 2035 2035 2039 2039 2049 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 Total Vear 2015 2016 2017 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2030 2031 2034 2035 2035 2035 2035 2038 2039 2039 2039 2039	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,524 22,455,896 23,314,036 26,586,191 27,813,784 29,994,541 28,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443 26,704,828 28,047,405 29,181,744 25,751,353 26,991,815 21,523,150 21,740,418 15,526,103 15,813,477 11,070,000 5,945,000	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548 12,561,174 11,336,468 10,009,890 8,618,040 7,387,971 6,107,203 5,132,708 4,111,533 3,413,889 2,698,263 2,206,413 1,964,163	Total Combined Total 48, 158, 582 47, 618, 357 47,772, 938 47, 782, 733 50, 107, 892 50, 114, 812 50, 117, 164 48, 262, 423 47, 970, 576 39, 702, 980 39, 255, 422 39, 258, 206 39, 261, 992 39, 266, 002 39, 383, 873 39, 191, 634 34, 369, 393 34, 379, 786 27, 630, 354 26, 873, 126 19, 637, 635 19, 227, 366 13, 768, 263 7, 906, 413 7, 909, 163	Customers 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641 640 639 640 637 556 556 446 432 315 306 214 123
2039 2030 2031 2035 2035 2036 2039 2039 2049 2049 2039 2039 2039 2049 2039 2039 2039 2039 2039 2039 2039 203	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036 25,586,191 27,813,784 29,994,541 28,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443 26,704,628 28,047,405 29,181,744 25,751,353 26,991,815 21,523,150 21,740,418 15,526,103 15,813,477 11,070,000 5,700,000	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548 12,561,174 11,336,468 10,009,890 8,618,040 7,387,971 6,107,203 5,132,708 4,111,533 3,413,889 2,698,263 2,206,413	Total Combined Total 48, 158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892 50,114,812 50,117,164 48,262,423 47,970,576 39,702,980 39,255,422 39,258,206 39,261,992 39,266,002 39,383,873 39,191,634 34,369,393 34,379,786 27,630,354 26,873,126 19,637,635 19,227,366 13,768,263 7,906,413	Customers 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641 640 639 640 637 556 556 446 432 315 306 214
2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2046 2046 2047 2048 2049 2046 2047 2048 2016 2017 2018 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2031 2032 2034 2035 2036 2036 2036 2036 2036 2036 2036 2036	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,524 22,455,896 23,314,036 26,586,191 27,813,784 29,994,541 28,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443 26,704,828 28,047,405 29,181,744 25,751,353 26,991,815 21,523,150 21,740,418 15,526,103 15,813,477 11,070,000 5,945,000	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548 12,561,174 11,336,468 10,009,890 8,618,040 7,387,971 6,107,203 5,132,708 4,111,533 3,413,889 2,698,263 2,206,413 1,964,163	Total Combined Total 48, 158, 582 47, 618, 357 47,772, 938 47, 782, 733 50, 107, 892 50, 114, 812 50, 117, 164 48, 262, 423 47, 970, 576 39, 702, 980 39, 255, 422 39, 258, 206 39, 261, 992 39, 266, 002 39, 383, 873 39, 191, 634 34, 369, 393 34, 379, 786 27, 630, 354 26, 873, 126 19, 637, 635 19, 227, 366 13, 768, 263 7, 906, 413 7, 909, 163	Customers 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 789 792 792 828 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641 640 639 640 637 556 556 446 432 315 306 214 123
2039 2040 2040 2040 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2034 2035 2037 2038 2034 2035 2037 2038 2039 2040	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036 25,586,191 27,813,784 29,094,541 28,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443 26,704,628 28,047,405 29,181,744 25,751,353 26,991,815 21,523,150 21,740,418 15,526,103 15,813,477 11,070,000 5,945,000 6,195,000	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548 12,561,174 11,336,468 10,009,890 8,618,040 7,387,971 6,107,203 5,132,708 4,111,553 3,413,889 2,698,263 2,206,413 1,964,163 1,711,500	Total Combined Total 48,158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892 50,114,812 50,117,164 48,262,423 47,970,576 39,702,980 39,255,422 39,258,206 39,261,992 39,268,002 39,383,873 39,191,634 34,359,383 34,379,786 27,630,354 26,873,126 19,637,635 19,227,366 13,768,263 7,906,413 7,906,163 7,906,500	Customers 115,427	Debt / Custome 795 789 792 792 828 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641 640 639 640 637 556 556 446 432 315 306 214 123 123
2039 2040 2041 2041 2042 2043 2039 2039 2040 2041 2041 2042 2043 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205	Principal 19,903,081 21,665,324 22,455,896 23,314,036 25,586,191 27,813,784 29,994,541 28,545,737 29,608,890 22,747,876 23,323,330 24,433,588 25,542,443 26,704,628 28,047,405 29,181,744 25,751,353 26,991,815 21,720,418 15,526,103 15,813,477 11,070,000 5,700,000 5,945,000 6,195,000 6,195,000	Interest 28,255,500 25,953,033 25,317,042 24,468,697 23,521,701 22,301,028 21,022,623 19,716,686 18,361,686 16,955,104 15,932,092 14,824,618 13,719,548 12,561,174 11,336,468 10,009,890 8,618,040 7,387,971 6,107,203 5,132,708 4,111,533 3,413,889 2,698,263 2,206,413 1,964,163 1,771,500 1,401,750	Total Combined Total 48, 158,582 47,618,357 47,772,938 47,782,733 50,107,892 50,114,812 50,117,164 48,262,423 47,970,576 39,702,980 39,255,422 39,258,206 39,261,992 39,266,002 39,383,873 39,191,634 34,369,393 34,379,786 27,630,354 26,873,126 19,637,635 19,227,366 13,768,263 7,906,413 7,909,163 7,906,500 7,906,500	Customers 115,427 115,	Debt / Custome 795 789 789 792 792 828 828 828 828 795 790 652 641 641 640 639 640 637 556 556 446 432 315 306 214 123 123 123

Notes: 2014 customer count

BPU Debt Maturity Schedules - Unaudited

Combined

Year	2001 Issue Indu Bor	nds		Revenue Debt e Bonds	2010 Issue Re	funding Bond		Issue
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	1,015,000	397,200	1,535,000	2,583,750	3,330,000	943,400	3,110,000	4,163,244
2016	1,075,000	339,875	1,610,000	2,507,000	3,510,000	776,900	3,190,000	4,069,944
2017	1,130,000	284,750	1,690,000	2,426,500	2,875,000	671,600	3,255,000	3,958,294
2018	1,190,000	226,750	1,775,000	2,342,000	2,980,000	570,975	3,365,000	3,860,644
2019	1,250,000	165,750	1,865,000	2,253,250	825,000	451,775	5,780,000	3,709,219
2020	1,310,000	101,750	1,955,000	2,160,000	890,000	418,775	6,060,000	3,420,219
2021	1,380,000	34,500	2,055,000	2,062,250	925,000	383,175	6,360,000	3,117,219
2022			2,155,000	1,959,500	960,000	343,863	4,870,000	2,799,219
2023			2,265,000	1,851,750	995,000	303,063	2,220,000	2,555,719
2024			2,380,000	1,738,500	1,055,000	260,775	995,000	2,444,719
2025			2,500,000	1,619,500	1,115,000	213,300	1,785,000	2,403,675
2026			2,625,000	1,494,500	1,170,000	163,125	1,870,000	2,314,425
2027			2,755,000	1,363,250	1,200,000	110,475	2,300,000	2,220,925
2028			2,890,000	1,225,500	1,255,000	56,475	2,735,000	2,105,925
2029			3,035,000	1,081,000	,		6,120,000	1,969,175
2030			3,190,000	929,250			6,415,000	1,678,475
2031			3,355,000	761,775			1,895,000	1,373,763
2032			3,530,000	585,638			1,990,000	1,283,750
2033			3,715,000	400,313			6,980,000	1,184,250
2034			3,910,000	205,275			7,330,000	835,250
2035							4,570,000	468,750
2036							4,805,000	240,250
2037								
2038								
2039								
2040								
2041								•
2042	1							
2043	1							
2044								
Total	8,350,000	1,550,575	50,790,000	31,550,500	23,085,000	5,667,675	88,000,000	52,177,050

					2014 Patundin	g Issue & New		
Year	2012A Refu	nding Issue	2012E	3 Issue		ney	BPU Portion U	JG Radio Debt
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	1,785,000	5,236,150	1,845,000	3,451,350	5,325,000	10,614,494	209,367	96,970
2016	1,845,000	5,164,750	1,870,000	3,377,550	6,240,000	8,735,988	272,423	114,766
2017	2,155,000	5,090,950	1,665,000	3,340,150	7,035,000	8,486,388	277,044	109,317
2018	2,210,000	5,004,750	1,735,000	3,273,550	7,325,000	8,204,988	283,363	104,393
2019	2,310,000	4,916,350	1,805,000	3,204,150	9,930,000	7,911,988	291,092	99,352
2020	2,390,000	4,823,950	1,875,000	3,131,950	10,425,000	7,415,488	296,562	92,225
2021	2,465,000	4,728,350	1,950,000	3,056,950	10,960,000	6,894,238	302,405	84,968
2022	1,195,000	4,629,750	2,030,000	2,978,950	14,240,000	6,346,238	310,796	76,482
2023	3,860,000	4,570,000	2,130,000	2,877,450	14,945,000	5,634,238	318,152	67,753
2024	8,915,000	4,377,000	3,085,000	2,770,950	3,020,000	4,886,988	328,242	58,208
2025	9,360,000	3,931,250	3,240,000	2,616,700	3,150,000	4,756,388	338,333	49,102
2026	9,820,000	3,463,250	3,405,000	2,454,700	3,310,000	4,598,888	346,724	38,952
2027	10,285,000	3,000,375	3,545,000	2,312,550	3,475,000	4,433,388	358,700	28,550
2028	10,770,000	2,512,375	3,690,000	2,166,200	3,650,000	4,259,638	369,827	17,629
2029	9,650,000	1,998,250	3,845,000	2,015,500	3,830,000	4,077,138	189,439	6,202
2030	10,110,000	1,533,000	4,035,000	1,823,250	4,020,000	3,885,638		
2031	10,600,000	1,045,725	4,235,000	1,621,500	4,220,000	3,684,638		
2032	11,105,000	534,925	4,450,000	1,409,750	4,435,000	3,473,638		
2033			4,670,000	1,187,250	4,640,000	3,266,238		
2034			4,885,000	970,625	4,825,000	3,080,638		
2035			5,115,000	744,188	5,030,000	2,875,575		
2036			5,350,000	507,188	5,245,000	2,661,800		
2037			5,600,000	259,375	5,470,000	2,438,888		
2038					5,700,000	2,206,413		
2039			1		5,945,000	1,964,163		
2040					6,195,000	1,711,500		
2041					6,505,000	1,401,750		
2042					6,830,000	1,076,500		
2043			İ		7,170,000	735,000		
2044					7,530,000	376,500		
Total	110,830,000	66,561,150	76,055,000	51,551,775	190,620,000	132,095,344	4,492,469	1,044,869

BPU Debt Maturity Schedules - Unaudited

Combined (continued)

Year		KDHE Loan #1			KDHE Loan #2			KDHE Loan #3	
	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Service Fee
2015	589,629	246,217	24,207	247,129	102,517	10,136	408,901	202,335	21,790
2016	612,909	225,021	22,123	256,836	93,684	9,263	423,754	188,926	20,346
2017	637,108	202,988	19,957	266,924	84,503	8,355	439,147	175,030	18,849
2018	662,263	180,085	17,705	277,408	74,962	7,412	455,098	160,630	17,299
2019	688,410	156,278	15,364	288,304	65,046	6,431	471,629	145,706	15,691
2020	715,590	131,531	12,931	299,629	54,741	5,412	488,761	130,240	14,026
2021	743,843	105,807	10,402	311,397	44,031	4,353	506,514	114,212	12,300
2022	773,212	79,067	7,773	323,629	32,900	3,253	524,913	97,602	10,511
2023	803,740	51,272	5,041	336,340	21,333	2,109	543,980	80,389	8,657
2024	835,473	22,379	2,200	349,551	9,310	921	563,740	62,551	6,736
2025							584,217	44,064	4,745
2026							605,438	24,906	2,682
2027							310,916	5,052	544
2028									
2029									1
2030									
2031									
2032									
2033									
2034									
2035									
2036						•			
2037									
2038									
2039									
2040									
2041									
2042									
2043									
2044									
Total	7,062,177	1,400,644	137,704	2,957,148	583,028	57,644	6,327,008	1,431,643	154,177

								4		
Year		KDHE Loan #4			KDHE Loan #5		Total		Total P&I	
	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	503,055	217,874	39,717				95,849	19,903,081	28,255,500	48,158,582
2016	509,550	212,380	38,715	249,852	146,250	22,750	113,196	21,665,324	25,953,033	47,618,357
2017	521,182	202,542	36,922	509,490	284,031	44,183	128,265	22,455,896	25,317,042	47,772,938
2018	533,080	192,478	35,087	522,823	272,493	42,388	119,890	23,314,036	24,468,697	47,782,733
2019	545,250	182,185	33,211	536,505	260,653	40,546	111,244	26,586,191	23,521,701	50,107,892
2020	557,697	171,657	31,292	550,545	248,503	38,656	102,317	27,813,784	22,301,028	50,114,812
2021	570,429	160,888	29,329	564,952	236,035	36,717	93,101	29,094,541	21,022,623	50,117,164
2022	583,451	149,874	27,321	579,736	223,241	34,726	83,585	28,545,737	19,716,686	48,262,423
2023	596,771	138,608	25,267	594,907	210,112	32,684	73,758	29,608,890	18,361,686	47,970,576
2024	610,394	127,085	23,167	610,475	196,640	30,588	63,612	22,747,876	16,955,104	39,702,980
2025	624,329	115,299	21,018	626,451	182,815	28,438	54,201	23,323,330	15,932,092	39,255,422
2026	638,582	103,244	18,820	642,845	168,628	26,231	47,734	24,433,588	14,824,618	39,258,206
2027	653,160	90,913	16,573	659,667	154,070	23,966	41,084	25,542,443	13,719,548	39,261,992
2028	668,071	78,301	14,274	676,930	139,131	21,643	35,916	26,704,828	12,561,174	39,266,002
2029	683,322	65,402	11,922	694,645	123,801	19,258	31,180	28,047,405	11,336,468	39,383,873
2030	698,921	52,207	9,517	712,823	108,070	16,811	26,328	29,181,744	10,009,890	39,191,634
2031	714,877	38,712	7,057	731,477	91,927	14,300	21,357	25,751,353	8,618,040	34,369,393
2032	731,197	24,909	4,541	750,619	75,362	11,723	16,264	26,991,815	7,387,971	34,379,786
2033	747,889	10,790	1,967	770,261	58,364	9,079	11,046	21,523,150	6,107,203	27,630,354
2034				790,418	40,920	6,365	6,365	21,740,418	5,132,708	26,873,126
2035				811,103	23,020	3,581	3,581	15,526,103	4,111,533	19,637,635
2036				413,477	4,652	724	724	15,813,477	3,413,889	19,227,366
2037								11,070,000	2,698,263	13,768,263
2038								5,700,000	2,206,413	7,906,413
2039								5,945,000	1,964,163	7,909,163
2040							1	6,195,000	1,711,500	7,906,500
2041								6,505,000	1,401,750	7,906,750
2042								6,830,000	1,076,500	7,906,500
2043								7,170,000	735,000	7,905,000
2044								7,530,000	376,500	7,906,500
Total	11,691,207	2,335,347	425,715	13,000,000	3,248,721	505,357	1,280,596	593,260,009	351,198,321	944,458,331

BPU Debt Maturity Schedules - Unaudited

Electric System

Year		ustriai Revenue nds		renue Debt Service	2010 issue Re	funding Bond	2011 (ssue
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	883,050	345,564	1,456,101	2,450,945	1,531,800	433,964	2,177,000	2,914,271
2016	935,250	295,691	1,527,246	2,378,140	1,614,600	357,374	2,233,000	2,848,961
2017	983,100	247,733	1,603,134	2,301,778	1,322,500	308,936	2,278,500	2,770,806
2018	1,035,300	197,273	1,683,765	2,221,621	1,370,800	262,649	2,355,500	2,702,451
2019	1,087,500	144,203	1,769,139	2,137,433	379,500	207,817	4,046,000	2,596,453
2020	1,139,700	88,523	1,854,513	2,048,976	409,400	192,637	4,242,000	2,394,153
2021	1,200,600	30,015	1,949,373	1,956,250	425,500	176,261	4,452,000	2,182,053
2022			2,044,233	1,858,782	441,600	158,177	3,409,000	1,959,453
2023			2,148,579	1,756,570	457,700	139,409	1,554,000	1,789,003
2024			2,257,668	1,649,141	485,300	119,957	696,500	1,711,303
2025			2,371,500	1,536,258	512,900	98,118	1,249,500	1,682,573
2026	ŀ		2,490,075	1,417,683	538,200	75,038	1,309,000	1,620,098
2027			2,613,393	1,293,179	552,000	50,819	1,610,000	1,554,648
2028			2,741,454	1,162,509	577,300	25,979	1,914,500	1,474,148
2029			2,879,001	1,025,437			4,284,000	1,378,423
2030			3,026,034	881,487		1	4,490,500	1,174,933
2031			3,182,553	722,620			1,326,500	961,634
2032			3,348,558	555,536			1,393,000	898,625
2033			3,524,049	379,736			4,886,000	828,975
2034			3,709,026	194,724			5,131,000	584,675
2035							3,199,000	328,125
2036							3,472,600	168,175
2037								
2038								
2039 2040							1	
2040								
2042							Ì	
2043								
2044			<u> </u>					
Total	7,264,500	1,349,000	48,179,394	29,928,804	10,619,100	2,607,131	61,709,100	36,523,935

Year	2012A Refu	ınding issue	2012	3 Issue	2014 Refunding Is	sue & New Money	BPU Portion U	G Radio Debt
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	1,374,450	4,031,836	1,845,000	3,451,350	3,990,000	9,493,203	117,246	54,303
2016	1,420,650	3,976,858	1,870,000	3,377,550	4,680,000	7,844,038	152,557	64,269
2017	1,659,350	3,920,032	1,665,000	3,340,150	5,275,000	7,656,838	155,145	61,218
2018	1,701,700	3,853,658	1,735,000	3,273,550	5,490,000	7,445,838	158,683	58,460
2019	1,778,700	3,785,590	1,805,000	3,204,150	7,450,000	7,226,238	163,012	55,637
2020	1,840,300	3,714,442	1,875,000	3,131,950	7,820,000	6,853,738	166,075	51,646
2021	1,898,050	3,640,830	1,950,000	3,056,950	8,220,000	6,462,738	169,347	47,582
2022	920,150	3,564,908	2,030,000	2,978,950	11,365,000	6,051,738	174,046	42,830
2023	2,972,200	3,518,900	2,130,000	2,877,450	11,930,000	5,483,488	178,165	37,942
2024	6,864,550	3,370,290	3,085,000	2,770,950	3,020,000	4,886,988	183,816	32,596
2025	7,207,200	3,027,063	3,240,000	2,616,700	3,150,000	4,756,388	189,466	27,497
2026	7,561,400	2,666,703	3,405,000	2,454,700	3,310,000	4,598,888	194,165	21,813
2027	7,919,450	2,310,289	3,545,000	2,312,550	3,475,000	4,433,388	200,872	15,988
2028	8,292,900	1,934,529	3,690,000	2,166,200	3,650,000	4,259,638	207,103	9,872
2029	7,430,500	1,538,653	3,845,000	2,015,500	3,830,000	4,077,138	106,086	3,473
2030	7,784,700	1,180,410	4,035,000	1,823,250	4,020,000	3,885,638		
2031	8,162,000	805,208	4,235,000	1,621,500	4,220,000	3,684,638		
2032	8,550,850	411,892	4,450,000	1,409,750	4,435,000	3,473,638		
2033			4,670,000	1,187,250	4,640,000	3,266,238		
2034			4,885,000	970,625	4,825,000	3,080,638		
2035			5,115,000	744,188	5,030,000	2,875,575		
2036	ĺ		5,350,000	507,188	5,245,000	2,661,800		
2037			5,600,000	259,375	5,470,000	2,438,888		
2038			1		5,700,000	2,206,413		
2039			1		5,945,000	1,964,163		
2040					6,195,000	1,711,500		
2041					6,505,000	1,401,750		
2042					6,830,000	1,076,500		
2043 2044					7,170,000 7,530,000	735,000 376,500		
Total	85,339,100	51,252,086	75,055,000	51,551,775	170,415,000	126,369,153	2,515,783	585,127

		Total P&I	
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	13,374,647	23,175,436	36,550,082
2016	14,433,303	21,142,880	35,576,183
2017	14,941,729	20,607,489	35,549,217
2018	15,530,748	20,015,498	35,546,246
2019	18,478,851	19,357,519	37,836,370
2020	19,346,988	18,476,063	37,823,051
2021	20,264,870	17,552,678	37,817,548
2022	20,384,029	16,614,837	36,998,865
2023	21,370,644	15,602,761	36,973,405
2024	16,592,834	14,541,225	31,134,058
2025	17,920,566	13,744,595	31,665,162
2026	18,807,840	12,854,921	31,662,761
2027	19,915,715	11,970,859	31,886,574
2028	21,073,257	11,032,874	32,106,131
2029	22,374,587	10,038,622	32,413,209
2030	23,356,234	8,945,717	32,301,951
2031	21,126,053	7,795,599	28,921,652
2032	22,177,408	6,749,440	28,926,848
2033	17,720,049	5,662,199	23,382,248
2034	18,550,026	4,830,661	23,380,687
2035	13,344,000	3,947,888	17,291,888
2036	14,067,600	3,337,163	17,404,763
2037	11,070,000	2,698,263	13,768,263
2038	5,700,000	2,206,413	7,906,413
2039	5,945,000	1,964,163	7,909,163
2040	6,195,000	1,711,500	7,906,500
2041	6,505,000	1,401,750	7,906,750
2042	6,830,000	1,076,500	7,906,500
2043	7,170,000	735,000	7,905,000
2044	7,530,000	376,500	7,906,500
Total	462,096,977	300,167,011	762,263,987

Water System

Year	2001 Issue Industrial Revenue Bonds		onds Service Bonds		2010 Issue Re		2011		2012A Refunding Issue	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	131,950	51,636	78,899	132,805	1,798,200	509,436	933,000	1,248,973	410,550	1,204,315
2016	139,750	44.184	82,754	128,860	1,895,400	419,526	957,000	1,220,983	424,350	1,187,893
2017	146,900	37.018	86,866	124,722	1,552,500	362,664	976,500	1,187,488	495,650	1,170,919
2018	154,700	29,478	91,235	120,379	1,609,200	308,327	1,009,500	1,158,193	508,300	1,151,093
2019	162,500	21,548	95,861	115,817	445,500	243,959	1,734,000	1,112,766	531,300	1,130,761
2020	170,300	13,228	100,487	111,024	480,600	226,139	1,818,000	1,026,066	549,700	1,109,509
2021	179,400	4,485	105,627	106,000	499,500	206,915	1,908,000	935,166	566,950	1,087,521
2022			110,767	100,718	518,400	185,686	1,461,000	839,766	274,850	1,064,843
2023			116,421	95,180	537,300	163,654	666,000	766,716	887,800	1,051,100
2024	l		122,332	89,359	569,700	140,819	298,500	733,416	2,050,450	1,006,710
2025	1		128,500	83,242	602,100	115,182	535,500	721,103	2,152,800	904,188
2026	l		134,925	76,817	631,800	88,088	561,000	694,328	2,258,600	796,548
2027			141,607	70,071	648,000	59,657	690,000	666,278	2,365,550	690,086
2028			148,546	62,991	677,700	30,497	820,500	631,778	2,477,100	577,846
2029			155,999	55,563			1,836,000	590,753	2,219,500	459,598
2030	1		163,966	47,763			1,924,500	503,543	2,325,300	352,590
2031			172,447	39,155			568,500	412,129	2,438,000	240,517
2032			181,442	30,102			597,000	385,125	2,554,150	123,033
2033	1		190,951	20,576			2,094,000	355,275		
2034			200,974	10,551			2,199,000	250,575		
2035	1						1,371,000	140,625		
2036	l						1,332,400	72,075		
2037	I									
2038	1									
2039										
2040										
2041	1									
2042	1						ļ			
2043 2044										
Total	1,085,500	201,575	2,610,606	1,621,696	12,465,900	3,060,544	26,290,900	15,653,115	25,490,900	15,309,065

Year	2014 Refunding Issue & New Money		550.5			V01151			KDHE Loan #2		
	Principal Principal	interest	BPU Portion U Principal	Interest	Principal	KDHE Loan #1 Interest	Service Fee	Principal Interest Service F			
2015	1,335,000	1,121,290	92,121	42,667	589,629	246,217	24,207	247,129	102,517	10,136	
2016	1,560,000	891,950	119,866	50,497	612,909	225,021	22,123	256,836	93,684	9,263	
2017	1,760,000	829,550	121,899	48,099	637,108	202,988	19,957	266,924	84,503	8,355	
2018	1,835,000	759,150	124,680	45,933	662,263	180,085	17,705	277,408	74,962	7,412	
2019	2,480,000	685,750	128,080	43,715	688,410	156,278	15,364	288,304	65,046	6,431	
2020	2,605,000	561,750	130,487	40,579	715,590	131,531	12,931	299,629	54,741	5,412	
2021	2,740,000	431,500	133,058	37,386	743,843	105,807	10,402	311,397	44,031	4,353	
2022	2,875,000	294,500	136,750	33,652	773,212	79,067	7,773	323,629	32,900	3,253	
2023	3,015,000	150,750	139,987	29,811	803,740	51,272	5.041	336,340	21,333	2,109	
2024	0,010,000		144,426	25,612	835,473	22,379	2,200	349,551	9,310	921	
2025			148,867	21,605			_,				
2026			152,559	17,139							
2027			157,828	12,562							
2028			162,724	7,757							
2029			83,353	2,729							
2030											
2031											
2032											
2033											
2034											
2035											
2036 2037											
2037	l										
2039											
2040											
2041											
2042											
2043											
2044 Total	20,205,000	5,726,190	1,976,686	459.742	7,062,177	1,400,644	137,704	2,957,148	583,028	57.644	
10131	20,205,000	3,720,190	1,910,000	459,742	7,002,177	1,400,044	131,104	2,937,140	303,028	37,044	

Year									
1 Car		KDHE Loan #3			KDHE Loan #4			KDHE Loan #5	,
	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Principal	Interest	Service Fee
2015	408,901	202,335	21,790	503,055	217,874	39,717			
2016	423,754	188,926	20,346	509,550	212,380	38,715	249,852	146,250	22,750
2017	439,147	175,030	18,849	521,182	202,542	36,922	509,490	284,031	44,183
2018	455,098	160,630	17,299	533,080	192,478	35,087	522,823	272,493	42,388
2019	471,629	145,706	15,691	545,250	182,185	33,211	536,505	260,653	40,546
2020	488,761	130,240	14,026	557,697	171,657	31,292	550,545	248,503	38,656
2021	506,514	114,212	12,300	570,429	160,688	29,329	564,952	236,035	36,717
2022	524,913	97,602	10,511	583,451	149,874	27,321	579,736	223,241	34,726
2023	543,980	80,389	8,657	596,771	138,608	25,267	594,907	210,112	32,684
2024	563,740	62,551	6,736	610,394	127,085	23,167	610,475	195,640	30,588
2025	584,217	44,064	4,745	624,329	115,299	21,018	626,451	182,815	28,438
2026	605,438	24,906	2,682	638,582	103,244	18,820	642,845	168,628	26,231
2027	310,916	5,052	544	653,160	90,913	16,573	659,667	154,070	23,966
2028				668,071	78,301	14,274	676,930	139,131	21,643
2029				683,322	65,402	11,922	694,645	123,801	19,258
2030				698,921	52,207	9,517	712,823	108,070	16,811
2031				714,877	38,712	7,057	731,477	91,927	14,300
2032				731,197	24,909	4,541	750,619	75,362	11,723
2033				747,889	10,790	1,967	770,261	58,364	9,079
2034						,	790,418	40,920	6,365
2035							811,103	23,020	3,581
2036							413,477	4,652	724
2037	1			1			,		
2038									
2039									
2040	1								
2041	1			l					
2042	1			1					
2043	1			i					
2044									
Total	6,327,008	1,431,643	154,177	11,691,207	2,335,347	425,715	13,000,000	3,248,721	505,357

Demographic and Economic Information





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Electric Load Statistics in Kilowatts

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Maximum	
				Total	System Gross	
Fiscal				Kilowatts	Demand	Maximum
	Commented	Downhaud	Interchanged			Net
<u>Year</u>	Generated	Purchased	Interchanged	Available	<u>kW</u>	Capability
2006	2,368,434,000	627,907,900	-357,109,000	2,639,232,900	529,000	579,000
2007	2,830,038,000	476,192,000	-719,077,000	2,587,153,000	512,000	611,000
2008	2,599,420,000	646,850,000	-733,169,000	2,513,101,000	492,000	611,000
2009	2,444,808,000	505,584,800	-575,205,000	2,375,187,800	471,000	593,500
2010	2,590,447,000	525,043,000	-585,246,000	2,530,244,000	501,000	632,500
2011	2,382,961,000	596,205,000	-513,891,000	2,465,275,000	502,000	599,300
2012	1,887,972,000	867,055,000	-329,983,000	2,425,044,000	495,000	747,000
2013	2,252,961,000	525,148,000	-412,638,000	2,365,471,000	454,000	747,000
2014	2,661,052,000	81,518,000	-56,899,000	2,685,671,000	459,000	728,400
2015	1,767,688,000	2,675,379,000	-2,052,624,000	2,390,443,000	485,000	717,900

NOTES:

Generated amounts are net of system usage.

Purchased amounts are net of borderline.

Interchanged amounts include sales for resale which reduces total kilowatts available.

Starting in 2013, BPU's portion of Dogwood's generations is included in the generated amounts.



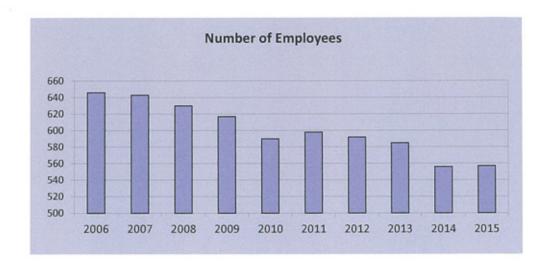
PRI	NCTPA	I CUSTOM	r p s	6 (Ten year history)		
2006	CILA	Revenue		2007	851922.75	Revenue
Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	s	9,651,500	- 1			
General Motor's Corp. (Auto Production)	\$			General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	8,013,000
CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)		9,347,800		Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	6,713,100
	\$	9,283,300		CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	6,227,200
WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	7,236,500	1	WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	4,928,200
Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	5,468,500		Univ. of Kansas Medical Ctr. (Hospital)	\$	4,493,400
Univ. of Kansas Medical Ctr. (Hospital)	\$	4,860,400		Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	4,344,100
USD#500 KCK (Public School Dist.)	\$	4,649,700	1	Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	4,246,200
Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	S	4,648,100	(Constar Plastics (Plastic Containers)	\$	1,694,200
Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	1,879,354		GNB Battery (Battery Manufacturer)	\$	1,679,300
Constar Plastics (Plastic Containers)	\$	1,862,998		Burlington Northern/Sante Fe (Railroad)	\$	1,663,400
	ar Steine					
<u>2008</u>		Revenue		2009		Revenue
General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	8,636,200	- 10	Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	8,411,448
Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	8,114,700		General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	7,775,949
Univ. of Kansas Medical Ctr. (Hospital)	\$	6,577,700		CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	4,980,249
CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	5,120,500		Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	4,678,197
Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$					
WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)		4,819,500		Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	4,131,327
Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	4,557,700		Univ. of Kansas Medical Ctr. (Hospital)	\$	3,849,712
	\$	4,539,400		WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	3,394,275
Sunshine Biscuit (Food Manufacturer)	\$	1,798,000		Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	3,224,570
Burlington Northern/Sante Fe (Railroad)	\$	1,785,000		Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	1,866,769
GNB Battery (Battery Manufacturer)	\$	1,649,300		Burlington Northern/Sante Fe (Railroad)	\$	1,855,297
	n date					300 March 1992
<u>2010</u>	1	Revenue		<u>2011</u>	İ	Revenue
General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	9,175,537		General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	10,095,840
Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	7,616,293		CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	6,959,810
CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	4,839,908		Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	5,345,680
Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	3,987,251		Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	5,183,123
Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	3,720,138		WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	4,744,739
WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	3,643,474		Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	3,979,728
Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	3,455,220		Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	3,912,967
Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	2,679,192		Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	3,406,181
Constar Plastics (Plastic Containers)	\$	1,666,777		Sara Lee Foods Corporation (Packaged Foods)	\$	
Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	1,642,803		Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	1,770,958 1,731,142
			tchs2sAr		antivasnus i	
2012	X31290007786866	Revenue	00/18/12/20	2013	William in	Daniero
					_	Revenue
General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	11,109,840		General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	9,270,426
WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	6,403,823		Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	5,630,110
CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	5,991,417		Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	5,399,261
Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	5,880,369		WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	5,058,926
Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	5,568,105		Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	4,338,344
Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	4,786,604		CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	4,070,53
Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	4,584,365		Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	3,933,09
Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	4,060,018		Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	3,900,600
Sara Lee Foods Corporation (Packaged Foods)	\$	2,303,146		Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	2,018,430
Keebler Company (Food Manufacturer)	\$	2,024,924		Sara Lee Foods Corporation (Packaged Foods)	\$	1,958,35
						STATES AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND
2014	100 4 2 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Revenue	1	2015	State Control	Revenue
General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	11,111,432		General Motor's (Auto Production)	\$	14,149,36
Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		6,616,049		Griffin Wheel (Railroad Wheels)	\$	6,847,07
Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	5,787,124		CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	6,584,36
WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	5,086,239		Owens Corning Fiberglass (Insulation)	\$	5,622,26
Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	4,582,043		Univ. of Kansas Hospital Authority (Hospital)	\$	5,135,28
CertainTeed Corp. (Insulation)	\$	4,168,566		WaterOne of Johnson County (Water Utility)	\$	4,637,05
Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	4,128,363	}	Univ. of Kansas Medical Center (Hospital)	\$	4,406,62
Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	3,581,800		Procter & Gamble Co. (Cleaning Products)	\$	4,373,08
Magellan Pipeline Company (Petroleum Pipeline)	\$	2,277,962	1 1	P Q Corporation (Chemicals Manufacturer)	\$	2,430,84
in a permit a special company (a choicem a speniic)	۱۳	4,411,704		. 2 Corporation (Chemicals intallulacture)		
Keebler Company (Food Manufacturer)	\$	2,088,604		Hillshire Brands (Food Manufacturer)	\$	2,274,98

Employee Data

Last Ten Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year			_	Employee Benefits and Payroll Taxes (1)		Total Salary And Benefits (2)	Number of Employees As of December 31,
2006	s	46,424,254	S	27,000,469	S	65,114,208	646
2007	S	48,138,161	S	27,744,880	S	67,634,617	643
2008	S	50,389,000	S	27,197,277	5	68,694,751	630
2009	S	50,111,000	S	29,879,099	S	70,923,124	617
2010	S	49,253,884	S	28,047,842	S	68,758,964	590
2011	S	50,254,375	S	29,605,619	S	71,778,420	598
2012	S	51,356,748	S	39,509,248	S	82,877,013	592
2013	S	50,791,860	S	24,823,381	S	67,604,414	585
2014	S	50,128,257	S	28,327,841	S	70,156,566	556
2015	S	49,616,092	S	26,999,213	S	69,373,164	557

- (1) Includes compensated absences that are also included in salaries
- (2) Excludes paid time not worked.
- (3) Excludes temporary employees and employees on long-term disability.



UNIFIED GOVERNMENT OF WYANDOTTE COUNTY / KANSAS CITY, KANSAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Y</u> ear	Population		(t	Personal Income housands f dollars)	-	P	Per Capita ersonal ncome		Public School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2006	152,900	(1)	\$	3,970,858	(3)	\$	25,837	(3)	27,970	7.6%
2007	153,454	(1)	\$	4,223,792	(3)	\$	27,380	(3)	27,877	7.6%
2008	154,233	(1)	\$	4,415,768	(3)	\$	28,472	(3)	27,867	8.1%
2009	155,499	(1)	\$	4,310,940	(3)	\$	27,561	(3)	28,538	10.7%
2010	157,505	(2)	\$	4,420,281	(3)	\$	28,010	(3)	28,455	10.1%
2011	158,031	(1)	\$	4,562,495	(3)	\$	28,836	(3)	28,462	9.5%
2012	159,472	(1)	\$	4,875,180	(3)	\$	30,637	(3)	29,284	8.4%
2013	161,009	(1)	\$	5,036,061	(3)	\$	29,996	(3)	29,753	8.0%
2014	162,147	(1)	\$	4,945,590	(3)	\$	29,119	(3)	30,200	6.9%
2015	163,369	(1)	\$	5,069,230	(4)	\$	29,498	(4)	30,414	6.1%

Includes Kansas City Kansas #500, Turner #202, Piper #203, Bonner Springs #204

Notes:

¹ U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Census, Local Population Estimates, revisions post-2010 Census data release.

² 2010 U.S. Census Counts

³ Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁴ Estimates based on trends

^{*} Updated in 2015 for final figures

UNIFIED GOVERNMENT OF WYANDOTTE COUNTY / KANSAS CITY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2015			Fiscal Year 2006	i
	Employees in County (Employment Range)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees in County (Employment Range)	Rank
Kansas University Hospital	5,000+	1	6.44%	2500-3499	2
University of Kansas Medical Center	3500-4000	2	3.90%	2500-3499	3
General Motors Corporation	3500-4000	3	3.47%	2500-3499	5
Kansas City, KS School District #500	2500-4000	4	3.65%	3500-4000	1
Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railroad	2500-4000	5	2.69%	2500-3499	4
Cerner	1000-2499	6	2.69%	-	-
Unified Government of Wyandotte Co/KCK	1000-2499	7	2.52%	2500-3499	6
Associated Grocers	1000-2499	8	1.28%	1000-2499	9
Providence Medical Center	1000-2499	9	1.27%	1000-2499	7
Nebraska Furniture Mart	1000-2499	10	0.97%	750-999	8
United Parcel Service	_	-	-	750-999	10
	26,892		28.89%	-	

Source: Unified Government of Wyandotte County.

UNIFIED GOVERNMENT OF WYANDOTTE COUNTY / KANSAS CITY, KANSAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Revenue	Capital	Revolving	Total	Percentage of Personal		Per
Year	Bonds	Leases	Loan	Debt ¹	Income ²	C	capita 2
2006	333,954,975	3,342,010	20,471,208	357,768,193	9.0%	\$	2,340
2007	323,001,990	1,738,066	23,690,167	348,430,223	8.2%	\$	2,271
2008	313,043,225	1,018,921	22,707,905	336,770,051	7.6%	\$	2,184
2009	363,881,515	650,042	21,710,900	386,242,457	9.0%	\$	2,484
2010	355,430,000	367,952	20,717,121	376,515,073	8.5%	\$	2,390
2011	421,100,000	74,989	19,813,666	440,988,655	9.7%	\$	2,791
2012	479,735,000	-	18,788,619	498,523,619	10.2%	\$	3,126
2013	462,765,000	321,746	27,585,940	490,672,686	9.7%	\$	3,047
2014	547,730,000	600,092	32,448,862	580,778,954	11.7%	\$	3,582
2015	529,785,000	1,551,182	33,268,850	564,605,032	11.1%	\$	3,456

¹ Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

² Population and personal income data can be found in the Deomographic Schedule.

Operating Information





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Electric Rate Schedules 2006 thru 2015

	M	May-06		Jan-07	71	Jul-10	-10	Jan-11	11	Jan-12	12	Jan-13	22
Residential	Summer	Winter		Summer	Winter								
Rate Code 100 Customer Charge	\$ 6.43	\$ 6.43		\$ 6.60	\$ 6.60	\$ 7.06	\$ 7.06	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.00	\$ 14.50	\$ 14.50	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
First 1,000 kWh Next 1,000 kWh All Additional kWh	0.0548 0.0655 0.0966	3 0.0548 5 0.0259 5 0.0259	ထတစ္	0.0563 0.0672 0.0992	0.0563 0.0266 0.0266	0.0602 0.0719 0.1061	0.0602 0.0285 0.0285	0.0640 0.0750 0.0940	0.0495 0.0480 0.0480	0.0679 0.0796 0.0998	0.0526 0.0510 0.0510	0.0724 0.0848 0.1063	0.0561 0.0543 0.0543
Residential Electric Heating Rate Code 101 (Started Jan-2011) Customer Charge								13.00	13.00	14.50	14.50	16.00	16.00
Energy Charge: First 1,000 kWh Next 1,000 kWh All Additional kWh								0.0640 0.0750 0.0940	0.0495 0.0350 0.0300	0.0679 0.0796 0.0998	0.0526 0.0372 0.0319	0.0724 0.0848 0.1063	0.0561 0.0396 0.0340
Small General Service Rate Code 200 Customer Charge	16.07	7 16.07	4	16.50	16.50	17.66	17.66	25.00	25.00	27.50	27.50	30.00	30.00
Energy Charge. First 3,500 kWh All Additional kWh	0.0690	0.0690	0 0	0.0708	0.0708	0.0758 0.0120	0.0758	0.0760	0.0660	0.0808	0.0702	0.0857	0.0745
Facilities Charge: Secondary Service Primary Service	2.41	2.41	- 9	2.47	2.47	2.64	2.64	2.40	2.40	2.55	2.55	2.71	2.71
Demand Charge: First 10 kW All Additional kW	No Charge 5.89	No Charge	യ ത	No Charge 6.05	No Charge 6.05	No Charge 6.47	No Charge 6.47	No Charge 6.50	No Charge 6.50	No Charge 6.91	No Charge 6.91	No Charge 7.33	No Charge 7.33
*Metering Adjustment: Primary Secondary	-2.30% NA	-2.30% N NA	% ∢	-2.30% NA	-2.30% NA	-2.30% NA	-2.30% NA	-2.00% NA	-2.00% NA	-2.00% NA	-2.00% NA	-2.00% NA	-2.00% NA
Customers without Demand Meters All KWh	0.0762	9.0762	7	0.0762	0.0762	0.0815	0.0815	0.0910	0.0840	0.0967	0.0893	0.1026	0.0947
Medium General Service Rate Rate Code 250 (Started Jan-2011) Customer Charge								55.00	55.00	60.00	60.00	65.00	65.00
Energy Charge: First 300 kWh per kW All Additional kWh								0.0450 0.0150	0.0350	0.0473 0.0158	0.0368 0.0137	0.0495	0.0385
Facilities Charge: Secondary Service Primary Service								2.96	2.96	3.11	3.11	3.26	3.26 2.58
Demand Charge: All Additional kW								6.55	6.55	6.88	6.88	7.21	7.21
*Metering Adjustment: Primary Secondary								NA 2.0%	NA 2.0%	NA 2.0%	NA 2.0%	NA 2.0%	0.5 2.0%

*Metering Adjustment:
For years 2006-2010 when a meter was installed, which did not compensate for transformer losses, the customer's total bill, including any adjustments, was adjusted according to the percentages. For years 2011-Current when a meter is installed whish and kW is adjusted according to the percentages.

Source: Board of Public Utilities approved rate tariffs.
Rate Component Information Available for 2006-2014
Years represented are for years with rate tariff adjustments.

Electric Rate Schedules 2006 thru 2015

	ay-0			9			Ŧ					-	8	Ξ	e
	Summer	Winter	0,	Summer	Winter	รั	Summer	Winter	σ	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter
Large General Service Rate Rate Code 300															
Customer Charge	37.49	37.49		38.48	38.48		41.17	41.17		120.00	120.00	130.00	130.00	140.00	140.00
Energy Charge:															
First 300 kWh per kW	0.0338	0.0338		0.0347	0.0347		0.0371	0.0371		0.0390	0.0300	0.0413	0.0317	0.0436	0.0334
All Additional kWh	0.0099	0.0099		0.0102	0.0102		0.0109	0.0109		0.0130	0.0130	0.0138	0.0138	0.0146	0.0146
Facilities Charge:															
Secondary Service	2.36	2.36		2.42	2.42		2.59	2.59		2.96	2.96	3.13	3.13	3.3	3.3
Primary Service	1.23	1.23		1.26	1.26		1.35	1.35		2.34	2.34	2.48	2.48	2.62	2.62
Demand Charge:															
All Additional kW	5.62	5.62		5.77	5.77		6.17	6.17		7.55	7.55	7.99	7.99	8.43	8.43
*Metering Adjustment:															
Secondary	2.3%	2.3%		2.3%	2.3%		2.3%	2.3%		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Primary	ΑN	Ϋ́		Ϋ́	Ϋ́		Ϋ́	ΝΑ		A	ΑΝ	A A	N A	AN	Ą
Large Power Service Rate															
Rate Code 400															
Customer Charge	107.10	107.10		109.94	109.94		117.64	117.64		250.00	250.00	275.00	275.00	300.00	300.00
Energy Charge:															
First 300 kWh per kW	0.0198	0.0198		0.0203	0.0203		0.0217	0.0217		0.0214	0.0194	0.0231	0.0210	0.0249	0.0226
All Additional kWh	0.0098	0.0098		0.0101	0.0101		0.0108	0.0108		0.0102	0.0092	0.0110	0.0100	0.0119	0.0108
Facilities Charge:															
Secondary Service	2.36	2.36		2.42	2.42		2.59	2.59		2.42	2.42	2.62	2.62	2.83	2.83
Primary Service	1.23	1.23		1.26	1.26		1.35	1.35		1.93	1.93	5.09	5.09	2.25	2.25
Substation Service	0.37	0.37		0.38	0.38		0.41	0.41		0.73	0.73	0.79	0.79	0.85	0.85
Demand Charge:															
All Additional kW	6.64	6.64		6.82	6.82		7.30	7.30		7.94	7.94	8.59	8.59	9.26	9.26
*Metering Adjustment:															
Primary	AN	Ϋ́		Ϋ́	Ϋ́		Α A	A A		Š	A A	AA	Ä	AN	Ϋ́
Secondary	2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Substation Service	-3.8%	-3.8%		-3.8%	-3.8%		-3.8%	-3.8%		-2.8%	-2.8%	-2.8%	-2.8%	-2.8%	-2.8%
Transmission	-4.3%	-4.3%		-4.3%	-4.3%		4.3%	-4.3%		-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015					
Average Energy Rate Component (ERC)	0.03256	0.02445	0.02896	0.03102	0.02370		0.03445	0.03038	0.03490	0.03139					
	0	1000	0	Ġ	9	7700	2042	540	* * * * * *	2046					
Environmental Surcharge (ESC)	2006	2007	2008	5003		1107	71.07		2014	6107					
Rate Code 100 (kWh)	Ž:	¥ :	ž ž	¥ S			0.00094		0.00124	0.00304					
Rate Code 200 (kwh)	Z S	ž	¥ S	¥ \$	¥ \$		0.00140		0.00179	1 10830					
Rate Code 250 (KW)	Ž:	¥ :	<u> </u>	ξ <u>ς</u>			0.36363		0.47525	1 10830					
Rate Code 300 (kW)	Ž:	ž	۲ <u>۲</u>	¥	4 S		0.36363		0.47323	1.19039					
Rate Code 400 (kvv)	Ž:	¥ :	¥	۲ <u>۲</u>		0.20033	0.40010		0.0000	1.30202					
Rate Code USD500 (kWh)	NA V	ž	¥	ž		7.00000	001000		00100	0.0000					

*Metering Adjustment:
For years 2006-2010 when a meter was installed, which did not compensate for transformer losses, the customer's total bill, including any adjustments, was adjusted according to the percentages. For years 2011-Current when a meter is installed which does not compensate for transformer losses, the customer's metered kWN and kW is adjusted according to the percentages.

Notes:
Source: Board of Public Utilities approved rate tariffs.
Rate Component Information Available for 2006-2013
Years represented are for years with rate tariff adjustments.

2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Water Rate Schedule 2006 thru 2015

		May-06			Jan-07	7		au		Jul-10	_	7	Jan-11		Jan-12		Jan-13	~
Meter Size	Inside	City O	Inside City Outside City	Inside	city o	Inside City Outside City	Inside City	ty Outside City		Inside City Outside City	utside City	Inside City	Inside City Outside City	Inside	Inside City Outside City	side City	Inside City Outside City	utside City
								M	onthly Custo	Monthly Customer Access Charge	Sharge							
.8/9	` ↔	11.85 \$	12.03	\$	12.20 \$	12.39	\$ 12.69	\$ 60	12.89 \$	13.65 \$	13.65	\$ 15.55	sə.	↔	17.50 \$	17.50	\$ 19.35 \$	19.35
3/4"	•	12.30	12.51	_	12.67	12.89	13.18	8	13.40	16.60	16.60	18.95	5 18.95		21.30	21.30	23.55	23.55
- -		14.26	14.55	*-	14.69	14.99	15.27	7.	15.59	20.70	20.70	23.60	23.60		26.55	26.55	29.35	29.35
1.5.		19.21	19.75	~	19.79	20.34	20.58	89	21.16	32.50	32.50	37.00			41.60	41.60	46.00	46.00
	.,	25.16	25.99	2	25.91	26.77	26.95	5	27.84	44.20	44.20	50.40			56.70	56.70	62.60	62.60
ī	•	43.96	45 74	4	45.28	47 11	47 09	ō	49.00	00 96	96.00	109 50	-	•	123 00	123.00	136.00	136.00
, =	. •	1 0	1 1	rř	7 6	- 00		2 5	20.00	20.00	200.00	100.00			000	00.00	240.00	210.00
-	-	68.72	71.75	_	/0./8	73.90	73.62		76.85	154.50	154.50	1/6.00			198.00	198.00	719.00	719.00
•	~	133.08	135.16	5	137.07	139.22	142.55		144.78	301.00	301.00	343.00			386.00	386.00	427.00	427.00
. 80	7	187.53	190.47	19	193.16	196.18	200.89		204.03	449.00	449.00	512.00	512.00		575.00	575.00	635.00	635.00
10"	Ñ	296.44	301.08	ő	305.33	310.11	317.55		322.52	596.00	596.00	679.00	00.629		763.00	763.00	843.00	843.00
		433.49	440.28	44	446.50	453.49	464.36		471.63	682.00	682.00	778.00			875.00	875.00	967.00	967.00
_																		
C									Monthly	Monthly Minimum Bill								
5/8"	٠	11.85	22.74	+	12.20	23.42	12.69	6,	24.36	13.98	25.57	15.90	24.00		17.87	21.92	19.74	19.74
		25.02	32.86	2	25.77	33.85	26.80	0.	35.20	32.16	38.78	35.49	9 40.07	(C)	38.60	40.80	41.83	41.83
	• '	34 63	49.30	· 65	35.67	50.77	37.10	0	52.81	45.33	26.67	49.78	3 57.76		53.90	58.03	58.22	58.22
	•	67.34	25.07	o cc	64.18	28 50	BB 74	7.	92.04	80 99	98.45	88.35			95 03	101.39	101.77	101.77
Ω.	- '	02.31	26.00	ρò	0 1	99.30	, 60.7		32.04	00.93	00.40	20.00			444.50	152.42	150.51	150.51
		93.37	135.28	on)	96.17	139.34	100.02		144.92	12.121	151.18	131.84			1.29	192.42	130.31	2000
e e	F	168.32	244.98	17.	173.37	252.33	180.31		262.43	231.21	289.41	252.34			271.19	292.18	289.51	189.51
- 4	2	271.65	404.06	27	279.80	416.18	290.99		432.83	372.64	473.62	406.33			436.82	473.39	465.99	465.99
ic A.	Š	539.33	761.17	55:	555.51	784.00	577.73		815.36	734.48	900.35	800.51	1 917.17	98		920.56	916.71	916.71
	ã	851.59	1 072 63	87	877.14	1.104.81	912.23		1.149.00	1.172.03	1,291,92	1,274.98	3 1,359.40		1,365.55	1,409.43	1,451.07	1,451.07
	4	1 279 74	1 695 55	131813	13	1 746 42	1 370 86		1816.28	1.681.32	1.927.22	1.824.19	_			2,038.82	2,067.43	2,067.43
		10.74	1,030.33	1,010.10	2 6	2 553 63	4 767 17		7,515,23	2 030 68	2 625 77	2 201 03			2 349 25	2,565,81	2.488.27	2,488.27
12" and Larger Fir		1,649.71	2,479.44	60'-	9.20	2,000.00	1,707,1		000.00	2,020.00	2,020.17	2,201.0		2	2	5	i i	i
nor																		
Per Month																0	0	c
a 0 to 7		2.762	3.057	. 4	2.845	3.149	2.959	59	3.275	3.310	3.310	3.520			3.680	3.680	0.090	0.090
8 to 160		2.749	3.057	. 4	2.832	3.149	2.945	45	3.275	2.910	2.910	3.070			3.180	3.180	3.280	3.280
		2.643	3.057	• • •	2.696	3.149	2.750	50	3.275	2.910	2.910	3.070			3.180	3.180	3.280	3.280
		1 983	3.057		2.023	3.149	2.063	63	3.275	2.063	2.063	2.060	2.060		2.450	2.450	3.030	3.030
All over 8000		1.269	3.057	Υ-	1.294	3.149	1.320	20	3.275	1.620	1.620	1.99	1.990		2.450	2.450	3.030	3.030
									Private Fire	Private Fire Protection Rates		i			1	1	10.1	7.07
		7.04	7.04		7.49	7.49	7.	7.97	7.97	7.97	7.97	76.7			/8./)B: /	18.1	16.7
. "4		18.05	18.05	,	19.21	19.21	20.44	44	20.44	20.44	20.44	20.44			20.44	20.44	20.44	20.44
- ដី		44 04	44 04	4	46.86	46.86	49.86	86	49.86	49.86	49.86	49.86	36 49.86		49.86	49.86	49.86	49.86
o ē		7 2 2 2	88.53	J	94 18	94 18	100 21	21	100.21	100.21	100.21	100.21	100.21		100.21	100.21	100.21	100.21
0 .	•	200.0	200.00	. 4	101.10	165 26	175.05		175 95	175 95	175.95	175.95			175.95	175.95	175.95	175.95
.01		155,42	155.42	= }	00.00	103.30	2 6	5 6	20.70	20.00	284.40	284 10			281 10	281 10	281.10	281.10
12" and Larger		248.30	248.30	N	264.19	204.19	281.10	2	201.10	201.10	201.10	1.104)) : :		
7 - 7 - 7																		
NOTO:																		

Notes:
Source: Board of Public Utilities approved rate tariffs.
Rate Component Information Available for 2006-2013
Years represented are for years with rate tariff adjustments.

2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Capital Operating Indicators LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

					IST TO FISCAL TEAKS	24					
	Water System:	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Miles of Water Mains	962.63	964.33	965.39	963.18	964.75	966.56	965.55	967.55	967.04	966.85
	Number of New Service Taps	554	398	280	129	117	123	117	166	155	187
	Max. Day Pumped (Gallons)	47,870,000	45,470,000	43,640,000	39,050,000	40,250,000	45,860,000	49,270,000	46,450,000	39,880,000	36,390,000
2	Min. Day Pumped (Gallons)	26,420,000	24,220,000	24,220,000	24,620,000	24,620,000	24,220,000	24,290,000	23,950,000	24,400,000	22,230,000
015 <i>(</i>	Max. Rate (MGD)	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
٦ مست	Water Main Breaks	599	633	505	457	920	637	736	290	909	499
rohone	Avg daily consumption (gallons)	34,880,000	33,130,000	32,040,000	29,770,000	30,350,000	31,320,000	33,755,000	30,850,000	29,326,000	28,251,482

Source: Various water divisions.

Staffing By Division 2007 - 2015 Budget

Department	2007 Approved	2008 Approved	2009 Approved	2010 Approved	2011 Approved	2012 Approved	2013 Approved	2014 Approved	2015 Approve
1000 ES Administration 1600 Electric System Control	1	6	6	6	5	4	4	4	4
Total Electric Supply	23 24	22 28	22 28	22 28	22 27	24 28	25 29	25	25
1100 EP Administration	11	9	9	9	7	6	6	29	29
1101 Maintenance and Planning	6	3	3	3	3	3	3	7 2	7 2
1103 EP Engineers Common	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
1200 KAW Plant Common	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1301 EP Maintenance-Quindaro	23	23	21	21	20	21	21	21	20
1302 EP Operations-Quindaro	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
1303 EP Engineering - Quindaro	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
1401 EP Maintenance-Nearman	22	22	20	20	17	16	16	20	20
1402 EP Operations-Nearman	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
1403 EP Engineering - Nearman	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
1500 Common Plant Maintenance	47	46	41	41	45	45	45	38	35
1700 Environmental Services	6	5	5	5	7	6	6	5	5
1701 Environmental Air Quality	0	0	00	0	0	3	3	3	3
Total Electric Production	198	190	183	183	183	184	184	180	175
1900 EO Administration	•	•	•	_		_		_	
2000 EO Planning	2 0	2	2	2	3	3	4	2	2
2100 EO Fransmission	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4
2200 EO Substation / Relay	89 12	87 12	86 12	87 12	87	87	86	85	85
2300 Telecommunications	7	7	12 7	12 7	12 7	12 7	13	13	13
2410 IT Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	7 1	7 1	8
2420 Desktop	2	2	2	2	4	1 6	1 7	•	1
2430 Applications	8	8	8	8	12	12	12	7 12	9
2500 EO Grounds / Claims	1	1	1	1	2	2	12	12 1	15
2600 EO Fleet Maintenance	26	26	24	24	23	23	23	23	1 23
2700 EO Electrical Engineering	23	23	24	24	24	24	25	25 25	25 25
2800 EO Elec Meters & Services	25	24	23	23	21	19	16	15	23
2810 Meter Reading	0	0	0	0	0	16	15	8	0
2820 Revenue Protection	Ö	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	4	3	5	0
2900 EO Traffic Signal	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total Electric Operations & Technology	202	199	196	196	201	221	218	213	214
3700 Water Meters/Services	31	31	25	26	26	23	23	24	24
3900 Maintenance Nearman	7	7	7	7	6	7	6	6	7
1000 Process Administration	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
1100 Laboratory 1200 WO Mains	10	10	10	9	9	9	10	9	9
1400 WP Support Services	27	27	33	33	33	39	39	37	39
1500 Water Administration	6 2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4
1600 Water Civil Engineering	16	2 16	2 15	1	1	1	1	1	1
1800 Operations Nearman	9	9	15 8	15 8	15 9	15 8	15 8	16	16
Total Water	111	110	108	108	108	111	111	8 110	<u>8</u> 111
						```			
6000 Customer Relations	13	13	13	12	12	15	14	14	15
5100 Cash Operations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
5200 Collections	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	15	15
300 Meter Reading - Moved to Electric Ops	28	28	28	27	22	0	0	0	0
5600 Revenue Protection - Moved to Electric Ops	6	5	5	. 5	4	0	0	0	0
5800 CS Administration	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	7	6
3200 Customer Accounting 3900 Utility Svcs	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total Customer Service	<u>3</u> 91	<u>3</u> 90	2 89	2 87	3 82	3 58	3 58	<u>3</u>	3
			U3	01	02	30	36	55	55
100 Accounting	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
300 Purchasing	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	5
6400 Stores	27	27	26	26	24	24	24	24	23
900 Corp Compliance	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3
000 General Managers Office	5	5	5	7	5	7	6	6	5
100 Marketing & Corporate Communications	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
200 HR Administration	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
300 Internal Audit	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400 Employee Relations	6	6	7	5	5	6	6	6	6
'500 Employment Wage/Salary	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
600 Safety & Security	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
700 Training & Career Development	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3600 Administrative Services	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
				_	_	_	_	_	
3700 Image Processing	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	8
8700 Image Processing 8800 Central Mail	2	2	2	2	2	22	22	0	0
700 Image Processing									_

Source: Board of Public Utilities approved annual budget.

Staffing Information available for 2007-2015.



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